

Performance Monitoring and Evaluation Report (PMER) on the 2012 Work Programme and Budget

PERFORMANCE MONITORING AND EVALUATION REPORT ON THE 2012 WORK PROGRAMME AND BUDGET

Introduction

The Performance Monitoring and Evaluation Report (PMER) is submitted annually by the Secretariat to the members and the SPREP Meeting (SM) in fulfilment of the Director's obligation under the SM Rules of Procedure to provide a summary of the Secretariat's work progress and achievements of specific work targets throughout the year. The format for the 2012 PMER report has changed to reflect the new SPREP Strategic Plan for 2011-2015 which replaced the previous Action Plan of 2005-2009 and the Strategic Programmes 2004-2013. The 2012 PMER will therefore be the first to be presented under the new SPREP Strategic Plan 2011-2015. For 2012, Performance is measured against targets established in the 2012 Work Programme and Budget, reflecting the Member priorities under the new SPREP Strategic Plan.

The 2012 PMER is also presented on the basis of the new SPREP organisational structure which was approved by the 22nd SPREP Meeting in 2011 and which entered into force on January 1st, 2012.

Separate reports are also provided to complement the PMER in the form of the financial performance and accounts for the 2012 financial year and the Director General's Annual Report.

Broad Assessment of 2012 Achievements

In 2012 SPREP continued its comprehensive change management process to improve its effectiveness and efficiency. Key elements included:

- Increasing national level delivery of practical programmes and initiatives as a result of an increased budget reflecting increased donor confidence in SPREP's work.
- Better definition of priorities and clarifying what countries want from SPREP
- Better and focused partnerships; and
- Increasing our cost effectiveness and initiating measures to reduce costs and pass on benefits to member countries
- Further strengthening of internal controls within the Secretariat through the recruitment of an internal auditor and the establishment of an audit committee

 the first within a CROP agency

SPREP continued to provide significant support towards the protection and improvement of the environment of the Pacific Islands region. The focus in 2012 was increased direct country support to SPREP Pacific Island Members on all areas relevant to the SPREP mandate. During the year the Secretariat initiated and celebrated the Clean Pacific Campaign, through the implementation of a range of activities which included provision of grass roots support for improved waste management at the community level in many Pacific countries which emphasized that "every action counts." SPREPs clean Pacific campaign was reinforced by the efforts of the innovative J-PRISM project by the Japan International Cooperation Agency in collaboration with SPREP. The Secretariat also provided solid waste training support to "waste champions" from nine countries during the Clean Pacific Campaign. Climate change was a major area of focus for the Secretariat during 2012. The meteorological work of SPREP was greatly enhanced with the establishment of the meteorological Pacific Desk. The Pacific islands Meteorological Strategy (PIMS) 2012- 2021 was also approved at the 23rd SPREP Meeting. There was increased national delivery implemented through a number of projects under the Pacific Adaptation to Climate Change (PACC) Programme. New adaptation work commenced in Choiseul and Kiribati with funding from USAID, and support to countries continued in the development of national action plans for climate change and disaster risk management (JNAP) in close collaboration with SPC. Work on renewable energy also continued with support provided to several countries in the development and launching of national energy roadmaps. SPREP also provided support to Members at the Doha Climate Change Conference in December, 2012 both before and during negotiations.

In the area of environmental monitoring and governance support was provided to Members in the areas of capacity building, legislation, compliance, monitoring, reporting and access to finance, and enabling Members to meet Multilateral Environmental Agreements (MEAs) obligations and sustainable development goals. The main vehicle for delivery of activities was the EU funded ACP MEAs Project with SPREP as the Pacific hub.

PERFORMANCE MONITORING AND EVALUATION REPORT ON THE 2012 WORK PROGRAMME AND BUDGET

During 2012, the Secretariat considerably increased its support to and engagement with Members in many other areas, at the community, national, regional and international levels, in accordance with the targets and priorities of the SPREP Strategic Plan 2011-2015 . There were considerable achievements, particularly in the areas of natural resources management, threatened and invasive species pollution control, sustainable development, capacity building, training, environmental education and awareness.

SPREP entered into a number of major partnerships in 2012 which provided increase support for Pacific countries. For example, the Secretariat signed off on a new partnership agreement with the Finland Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the Finland Meteorological Services on a new project to build the capacity of National Meteorological Services that brought in additional resources in 2012. A new climate resilience project on adaptation funded through the ADB brought in additional resources supplementing the additional funding support brought in by USAID (Choiseul and Kiribati) and AUSAID (PACC +) for national adaptation efforts. . The Australian International Climate Change Adaptation Initiative also continued to partner with SPREP to support practical efforts by countries to adapt to climate change. SPREP already hosts a number of Partners including JICA from Japan and (the PASAP team) Australia, WMO, and CMS at our offices in Apia. The Secretariat also built on and expanded its links with donor partners (including the EU). These partnerships aim to increase the level of support and assistance to Pacific island members of SPREP. The Secretariat also continued its involvement in the arrangement of international environment forums.

In the area of Biodiversity and Ecosystem management, technical and advisory assistance to SPREP Members was provided to strengthen capacity of Members on integrated resource management ecosystem based adaptation, manage stressors on ecosystems, conserve the Pacific's unique natural heritage, build resilience and support sustainable use of the Pacific's valuable natural resources.

The Secretariat provided support to Pacific island countries participating at the CBD COP11, Hyderabad, India. The GEFPAS Integrated Island Biodiversity Project for Cook Islands, Nauru, Tonga and Tuvalu, and the 10 country GEFPAS project on Invasive Species projects both commenced implementation.

Activities carried out and achievements in 2012 are detailed in the rest of the PMER document. Highlights will be included in staff presentations to the SPREP Meeting.

A Note on Interpreting Budget and Expenditure Figures

The 2012 Work Programme and Budget on which this PMER is based was approved at the 23rd SPREP Meeting in September 2011. The work programme was based on the best information available in mid 2011 and some of the assumptions and circumstances changed by the time the Budget was implemented in January 2012.

These assumptions include the full payment of membership contributions as pledged at the SPREP Meeting by the beginning of the financial year, anticipated levels of donor funding, and consistent foreign exchange rates.

The budget for the 2012 operation was a balanced budget as usual, i.e., estimated expenditures equal estimated receipts. Total resources approved for that budget by the 22st SPREP Meeting totalled USD. However, USD (102%) was expended by the Secretariat, as actual funds available and received from all sources came to USD.

Total Approved Budget	Total Actual Expenditure	Rate of Spending against budget
14,317,591	14,567,606	102%

1. **CLIMATE CHANGE**

Programme Goal:

By 2015, all Members will have strengthened capacity to respond to climate change through policy improvement, implementation of practical adaptation measures, enhancing ecosystem resilience to the impacts of climate change, and implementing initiatives aimed at achieving low-carbon development.

Highlights for 2012 are summarised under four focal areas: (1) Climate Change Adaptations; (2) Science and Policy; and (3) Climate Change Mitigation.

The CCD's Pacific Meteorological Desk capacity was greatly improved with the two additional staff: a meteorology and climate adviser (secondment from ComSEC and a Technical Support Officer funded by AusAID.

CCD in 2012 aimed at increasing national programme delivery especially with PACC where each CCD staff was tasked to work with a particular country. The PACC midterm review was carried out last year and noted challenges with implementation of the project and several key strategic issues at both regional and national levels.

Some highlights for the year are as follows, a full elaboration is included in the tables below:

Climate Change Adaptations:

- Mainstreaming climate change risks into plans and policies of agencies responsible PACC focal areas: food security, coastal development and water resource management
- Identification of adaptations priority for implementation on the pilot sites through V&A, gender analysis, cost benefit analysis and EIA.
- Capacity building conducted on the tools and processes
- New USAID adaptation support of Choiseul and Kiribati.
- Communication of PACC lessons learned through the Pacific Climate Change Portal, Climate Change Matters news letter, SPREP website and through the UNDP Pacific Solutions E discussions and national web pages.

Science and Policy:

- Partner to the Pacific Australia Climate Change Science and Adaptation Planning Programme (PACCSAP)
- Development of the national climate change policies.
- Support countries in the development of national action plan for climate change and disaster risk management (JNAP).
- Capacity built on climate change adaptation financing, as well as log frame and proposal development in partnership with Asia - Pacific Adaptation Network (SPREP is the sub-regional node for APAN), PIFs and SPC (in particular their Small Island States Global Climate Change Alliance Project).
- PCCP on line and progressing with support of the Portal Steering Committee, **GIZ and SPC-GCCA-PSIS**
- Climate Database for the Environment (CliDE) installed by the PACCSAP project in all NMS
- Last remaining 4 countries (American Samoa, Tonga, Samoa and Tokelau) installed and upgraded their EMWIN (Emergency Management Weather Information Network) in 2012.
- The Island Climate Update (ICU) series disseminated.

Climate Change Mitigation:

- Four RE feasibility studies completed on biofuel and solar PV.
- NAMA guidelines for the Pacific and tested in the Cook Islands.

Component: **CC 1.1 – IMPLEMENTING ADAPTATION MEASURES**

1.1 - Support Members with developing and implementing appropriate adaptation and disaster risk reduction measures Strategy:

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US		S\$
coordinated inst		ed approaches, is mainstreamed in national and sectoral poli y enabling environments at all levels and sectors; adaptation				_
CC 1.1.1 At least 10 PICT Members have mainstreamed climate change adaptation, including ecosystem based approaches, and risk reduction considerations in their national sustainable development strategies(NSDS) or equivalent and resources have been mobilised for their implementation	The number of Members that have incorporated adaptation into their NSDS	Climate Change mainstreaming activities completed in 4 countries (Cook Islands, Nauru, Tuvalu, Fiji) through support to develop national action plan on climate change and disaster risk management, (JNAPs) and through the Pacific Adaptation to Climate Change (PACC) project, for example: [groundwork has been laid in mainstreaming guide] PACC outcome in Nauru included the establishment of a Water and Sanitation Unit (under Ministry of Commerce, Industry and Environment) responsible for coordinating and mainstreaming climate change water priorities across projects and agencies involved. Nauru started the process to develop a JNAP by reviewing its National Plan for Adaptation (RONAdapt) and an Energy Roadmap. The process is still ongoing. This process included building capacity of sectors to integrate climate change (CC) and disaster risk management (DRM) into sector plans and budgetary processes.	55 %	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total The expenditures and 1.1.1.2 should	•	

Programme 1 - CLIMATE CHANGE | 2012

		_				
Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget	: Estimates	US\$
		 In Fiji as a result of the development and approval of the National CC Policy, a Climate Change Unit has been established under the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, moving the overall climate change coordination function from the Department of Environment to more central government level. Sub-committees have been established to develop strategies for the objectives identified in the policy and to facilitate the mainstreaming work at the sectoral levels Tuvalu approved its CC policy and JNAP in the form of the National Strategic Action Plan for CC and DRM. These two policies are guiding donors support for implementation of Tuvalu's climate change and DRM priorities. Tuvalu completed a cost-benefit analysis on a community water cistern pilot projects undertaken by a multi-disciplinary team including officials from the Ministry of Treasury. The cost benefit analysis provided lessons learned on how to address the sustainability issues with such community initiatives. 				
CC 1.1.2	The number of Members that	SPREP partnered with the Pacific Association of Supreme			Budget	Actual
By 2015, lessons learned from	have documented PACC and	Audit Institutions to develop a regional cooperative	50 %	Personnel Costs	118,851	139,169
adaptation efforts in the region,	other lessons learned	performance audit on climate change adaptation and disaster risk management. This tool will better capture		Operating Costs	2,267,835	3,061,921
including the Pacific Adaptation to Climate Change (PACC) project, have		lessons learned on best practices in adaptation. The tool is		Capital Costs	10,000	0
been documented in all participating		currently on trial.		Sub Total	2,396,686	3,201,090
countries and replicated in other sectors in at least five countries participating in PACC+		 Lessons from PACC countries are documented and disseminated through the project web page, Pacific Climate Change Portal, SPREP website, press releases to regional media and through Climate Change Matters, a monthly electronic newsletter publication. Each PACC participating country has a web site to raise the visibility of their national activities. 		The expenditure and 1.1.1.2 show	•	

Programme 1 - CLIMATE CHANGE 2012

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$
	The number of Members that have replicated lessons in other sectors	 Assistance was provided to the Samoa Hotel Association to develop a model "fale" with climate friendly construction, reduced waste and energy efficiency measures included, with a view to developing a full project proposal for Namua Island. The PACC Cost Benefit analysis training provided PACC Coordinators and Ministry of Finance/National Planning officials who attended the know-how to determine the cost and benefit of different adaptation options and assist their decision making. Lessons from the PACC Mid-Term review and gender analysis which included the need for proper baseline, monitoring and evaluation as well as gender was incorporated into the design and implementation of the USAID funded Kiribati project. PACC Fiji presented on lesson learnt based on their pilot project to address risk of flooding in Doha for COP 18 as a side event arranged by GEF. 		

Improve cooperative partnerships and engagement of all relevant regional and international stakeholders and strengthen Strategy: 1.2 coordinated action on reducing risks of climate change impacts consistent with the revised Pacific Islands Framework for Action on Climate Change, in support of national initiatives and priorities

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates		is\$
2015 Goal CC 1.2.1 - There is e	ffective coordination, coherence and	partnership in regional initiatives and delivery on climate change issu	ies			
CC 1.2.1 By 2015, all adaptation projects are consistent with agreed regional objectives	A satisfactory assessment of adaptation coordination	SPREP is a co-chair of the CROP CEO Sub-Committee on Climate Change, and its Working Arm on Climate Change, which provides for overall coordination of climate change work, including adaptation. SPREP involvement in the Development Partners for Climate Change meetings held in Suva provided the forum for dissemination of information on climate change to agencies and partners in the region. SPREP is a steering committee member for various regional projects such as GIZ CCCPIR, EU-SPC GCCA-PSIS, USP Climate Change Education led project where, coordination is crucial and	100%	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total	83,043 373,061 1,000 457,103	Actual 79,477 67,645 0 147,122
2015 Goal CC 1.3.1 - Climate ch	ange funding and technical assistance	provided for the sharing of information and lessons learned. from development partners is coordinated and harmonized to maxim	nize benefits to Men	nbers		
CC 1.3.1 By 2015, there is a significant increase in resources for adaptation: more funding disbursed and projects implemented	The percentage increase in annual funding for adaptation over 2010 level	 SPREP and the Government of Finland signed the FINPAC project bringing EUR4M towards community based climate science capacity building aimed at mitigating the impacts of climate change at the village level. Additional funds for capacity building of adaptation A practitioner (100K in 2012) was sourced through the Asia Pacific Adaptation Network (APAN) Training was provided to 14 PICs and one Territory (New Caledonia) on opportunities for accessing climate change adaptation financing, as well as log frame and proposal development. This training was provided in partnership with APAN, PIFs and SPC (in particular their Small Island States Global Climate Change Alliance Project). 	60%	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total New funds recei	•	

Programme 1 - CLIMATE CHANGE | 2012

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$
	The percentage increase in annual number of adaptation projects implemented above the 2010 level	 A donor database was also developed and distributed, giving a snap shot of climate change financing available in the Pacific and it is intended that this will be updated on a regular basis and shared through the climate change portal. As part of the PACC project, training was provided to 13 countries on the use of Cost-Benefit Analysis. Among other things, this is intended to help countries develop evidence-based project proposals which are more likely to be successful in attracting donor funding. This training program also marked the beginning of a wider partnership between SPREP, SPC, PIFS, GIZ, and UNDP to collaboratively deliver CBA training to PICS. Under PACC 14 countries (Nauru, FSM, Tokelau, Solomon, Marshalls, Niue, Cooks, Samoa, Tonga, Fiji, PNG, Palau and Vanuatu and Tuvalu) completed vulnerability and adaptation assessment. 7 countries completed cost benefit analysis (Niue, Tuvalu, Marshalls, Palau, Cook Islands, Solomon Islands and Samoa. 8 countries (Nauru, FSM, Tokelau, Solomon, Niue, Samoa, Tonga, and Tuvalu) progressed into implementation of their demonstration projects. 2 countries have drafted a comprehensive summary of the demonstration process to date, as draft guidelines (Nauru, Samoa). In addition to PACC, SPREP is implementing additional projects in Kiribati, Solomon Islands and Tokelau. 		

Component: IMPROVING CAPACITY, KNOWLEDGE, AND UNDERSTANDING OF CLIMATE CHANGE AND RISK REDUCTION

Strategy: 2.1 – Enhance and build capacity for conducting applied research, fostering meteorological, climatological, and oceanic observation and monitoring programmes to improve understanding, awareness, and applications of targeted responses to climate change and related disaster risk reduction

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates U		US\$
the contract of the contract o		on capacity and decision-making processes and sustained integrated ate change and extreme events trends, projections, and impacts	system-based action	s implemented;		
CC 2.1.1 By 2015, at least 10 Members have strengthened institutional capacity, with a pool of national expertise able to use and apply climate change and disaster risk reduction information for informed and timely decision making and policy development	The number of Members basing policy on climate change and disaster risk management information The number of Members basing policy on climate change and disaster risk management information	 Tuvalu and Cook Islands approved their Joint National Action Plan for Climate Change and Disaster Risk Management . SPREP has been working on the development of a regional Pilot Programme for Climate Resilience project (PPCR) through the Climate Investment Funds, with a focus on mainstreaming climate change and disaster risk management into national development plans. Support provided to the Cook Islands in the initial setup of the Adaptation Fund Strengthening Resilience in Outer Islands to Climate Change (SRIC) project. The PACC project has significantly contributed to the strengthening and capacity building of local governance structure as well, through establishing local project committees and coordination mechanisms at the demo sites (e.g. Tonga – Hihifo District Water Committee, Vanuatu – Epi Island Committee). In addition to the areas of capacity building mentioned in the 2010 evaluation, national agencies involved have further advanced their capacity in technical solutions and design of sectoral practices incorporating climate change, and the application of economic and cost-benefit analysis tools and processes. 	40 %	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total Additional funding ICCAI and APAN the additional work to	nat made po	•

Programme 1 - CLIMATE CHANGE 2012

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget E	stimates l	JS\$					
2015 Goal CC 2.1.2 - Climate change and risk management applications by Members enhanced through systematic collection, analysis, and sharing of information integrated with social and economic situations and traditional knowledge											
CC 2.1.2 By 2011 a climate change portal developed; at least five targeted awareness programmes and communication strategies	The extent to which climate change portal is ready	 Pacific Climate Change Portal (PCCP) development progressed through cooperation with the Advisory Committee and Technical Committee (made up of CROP members). PCCP online since it was launched in 2012. Further portal development in iterative process is progressing. 	70 %	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs	Budget 111,610 122,359 3,000	Actual 136,404 93,915 6,002					
developed and delivered to raise the level of awareness and facilitate information exchange for key sectors		First sub-regional portal training workshop for 6 PICTs (Cook Islands, Fiji, Kiribati, Samoa, Tonga, Tuvalu and Vanuatu) in November 2012 in Suva, Fiji. This was attended by climate change practitioners, CROP and partner organizations. Capacity building workshops are planned throughout the lifespan of the portal.		New funding was administration of		236,321 or GIZ for the					
2015 Goal CC 2.1.3 - Adequate	regional meteorological and ocea	nographic services are provided to ensure access to quality and time	ely weather and ocea	n state information	on						
CC 2.1.3 All recommendations of the Regional Meteorological Review are implemented	The proportion of recommendations of regional meteorological review implemented	 The Pacific islands Meteorological Strategy (PIMS) 2012-2021 approved, published and launched. The Pacific Meteorological Desk Partnership established and operational, including Meteorological and Climatological Adviser position filled. 	80 %	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total Although \$391k w funded by NOAA, There was also under this output.	only \$56k wo secured fund	as received.					
CC 2.1.4 By 2015, at least 14 national meteorological services have improved access to tools and applied scientific knowledge of Pacific climate drivers and projections; and have installed and implemented national climate and disaster databases	The number of national meteorological services with national climate and disaster databases.	 All the National meteorological services now have the Climate Database for the Environment (CliDE) installed by the PACCSAP project Additional 4 countries (American Samoa, Tonga, Samoa and Tokelau) installation and upgrade their EMWIN (Emergency Management Weather Information Network) in 2012. This completed an exercise that started in 2011 and all 12 PICT have upgraded EMWIN. The implementation of EMWIN has dramatically improved the distribution of meteorological information and warnings of vital importance for the Pacific countries. 	70 %	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total Some of the funds was not received to		30,650 182,281 1,447 214,379					

Programme 1 - CLIMATE CHANGE 2012

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$
	The level of support targeted for national meteorological services	 Most NMS's have started their digitization program of their historical climate data stored in their archives The Island Climate Update (ICU) funding continued for another 3 years through the support of NZAID/MFAT & NIWA with new improvements on rainfall and drought risks predictions, rainfall outlook maps of the Pacific and improving the interpretation of rainfall decline outlook for each of the countries. Provided assistance to the development of a circulation model and the assimilation of current meter data in American Samoa. Including the porting of data from the ADCIRC circulation model into NOAA particle tracking software. In partnership with USGS, ASEPA and ASPA, SPREP assisted in determining the influence of landfill leaching on the coral reef in American Samoa. 		

Strategy: 2.2 -Develop and implement coordinated education and awareness programmes and communication strategies across the region to enhance the capacity of Members to address climate change issues

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$		JS\$							
2015 Goal CC 2.2.1 – Membe	015 Goal CC 2.2.1 - Members have improved awareness and capacity to respond to climate change impacts												
CC 2.2.1 Informed participation and Decision making in responding to climate change impacts	The number of sustainable adaptation and mitigation initiatives on the ground	 Extensive preparatory work to lay the ground for adaptation and mitigation initiatives was completed in 2012 for projects under USAID, AusAID/ICCAI, SIDS Dock and IRENA, which will result in a growth of on the ground projects. Under the PACC project, CBA training was carried out and as a result, trainees spearheaded CBA work at the national and pilot site level focusing more on evaluating adaptation options. The PACC project has contributed to develop awareness and capacity in climate risk management of sectoral planners, officers, technicians, extension workers and engineers. Capacity was also built for Coordinators to develop their own comic story, photo-story, video, project briefs, and newsletters. Quality communication materials being shared by the Coordinators shows the result of this work. 	60 %	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total Additional funding SPC/EU that enable Climate Change Co Coordinator	led recruitme	ent of a							

2.3 – Support Members to meet their obligations under the UNFCCC and related protocols and processes Strategy:

Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates U		us\$
The proportion of PICs participating in UNFCCC negotiations	 Media training on Climate change was provided for the journalists and climate practitioners in a workshop held in the Cook Islands in August 2012. The key objective was to develop skills to accurately report on climate change issues and which also assisted the PICs delegations in communicating more effectively their issues at the FCCC meetings. A preparatory meeting was held in advance of COP 18 in Apia, Samoa, in October and 25 Negotiators from 14 countries attended, as well as partners from CROP and AOSIS. Through 	d secure resources fo	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total Additional funding		-
	countries were funded to attend this meeting. The key objective of the meeting was to equip and update PIC negotiators with latest on (UNFCC Meeting and process), developing issues briefs, strategies and agreed action for Pacific to undertake in Doha, Media training and initiate discussion on mitigation with a key focus on 2nd commitment period of the Kyoto Protocol.				
The number of Pacific contributions to the 5th IPCC report	 A Write-shop organized by SPREP in 2011 resulted in several scientific research papers being published in 2012 and made available to the IPCC. SPREP staff are involved in IPCC processes (IPCC special reports, and as lead authors on 5AR chapters). 	70 %	NZXXB for the ICU	and IOC (BO	OM, Aust.)
	The proportion of PICs participating in UNFCCC negotiations The number of Pacific contributions to the 5th IPCC	 nce provided for international negotiation support for advocacy to reduce greenhouse gas emissions at The proportion of PICs participating in UNFCCC negotiations Media training on Climate change was provided for the journalists and climate practitioners in a workshop held in the Cook Islands in August 2012. The key objective was to develop skills to accurately report on climate change issues and which also assisted the PICs delegations in communicating more effectively their issues at the FCCC meetings. A preparatory meeting was held in advance of COP 18 in Apia, Samoa, in October and 25 Negotiators from 14 countries attended, as well as partners from CROP and AOSIS. Through partnering with GIZ, Australia and APAN, two delegates per countries were funded to attend this meeting. The key objective of the meeting was to equip and update PIC negotiators with latest on (UNFCC Meeting and process), developing issues briefs, strategies and agreed action for Pacific to undertake in Doha, Media training and initiate discussion on mitigation with a key focus on 2nd commitment period of the Kyoto Protocol. The number of Pacific contributions to the 5th IPCC report A Write-shop organized by SPREP in 2011 resulted in several scientific research papers being published in 2012 and made available to the IPCC. SPREP staff are involved in IPCC processes (IPCC special reports, 	**Retargic Plan Indicators** **Preparation of PICs participating in UNFCCC negotiations** **A preparatory meeting was held in advance of COP 18 in Apia, Samoa, in October and 25 Negotiators from 14 countries attended, as well as partnering with GIZ, Australia and APAN, two delegates per countries were funded to attend this meeting. The key objective of the meeting was to equip and update PIC negotiators with latest on (UNFCC Meeting and process), developing issues briefs, strategies and agreed action for Pacific contributions to the 5th IPCC report **Preparators** **A Write-shop organized by SPREP in 2011 resulted in several cavallable to the IPCC.** **SPREP staff are involved in IPCC processes (IPCC special reports,) **Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%) **Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%) **Meeting Strategic (%) **Meeting Strategic (%) **Meeting Strategic (%) **Plan Target (%) **Media training on Climate change was provided for the journalists and secure resources for the journalists and climate practitioners in a workshop held in the Cook Islands in August 2012. The key objective was to develop skills to accurately report on climate change was provided for the journalists and climate practitioners in a workshop held in the Cook Islands in August 2012. The key objective of undertake and which also assisted the PICS delegations in communicating more effectively their issues at the FCCC plan the Fig. The key objective of the special sasted the PICS delegations in communicating more effectively their issues and which also assisted the PICS delegations in communicating more effectively their issues and which also assisted the PICS delegations in communicating more effectively their issues and which also accurately report on climate change was to develop skills to accurately report on climate change was to develop skills to accurately percentioners in a workshop held in the Cook Islands in August 2012. The local stands in August 2012. The local stands in August 2012. The local stands in August 2012. The	**The number of Pacific contributions to the 5th IPCC report **The number of Pacific contributions to the 5th IPCC report	* The number of Pacific contributions to the Sth IPCC report * The number of Pacific contributions to the Sth IPCC report * The number of Pacific contributions to the Sth IPCC report * The number of Pacific contributions to the Sth IPCC report * The number of Pacific contributions of Pics participating in UNFCC negotiations * The proportion of Pics participating in UNFCCC negotiations * Media training on Climate change was provided for the journalists and climate practitioners in a workshop held in the Cook Islands in August 2012. The key objective was to develop skills to accurately report on climate change issues and which also assisted the Pics delegations in communicating more effectively their issues at the FCCC meetings. * A preparatory meeting was held in advance of COP 18 in Apia, Samoa, in October and 25 Negotiators from 14 countries attended, as well as partners from CROP and AOSIS. Through partnering with GiZ, Australia and APANI, two delegates per countries were funded to attend this meeting. The key objective of the meeting was to equip and update PIC negotiators with latest on (UNFCC Meeting and process), developing issues briefs, strategies and agreed action for Pacific to undertake in Doha, Media training and initiate discussion on mitigation with a key focus on 2nd commitment period of the Kyoto Protocol. * A Write-shop organized by SPREP in 2011 resulted in several scientific research papers being published in 2012 and made available to the IPCC. * SPREP staff are involved in IPCC processes (IPCC special reports, and as lead authors on 58R chapters).

Component: CC 3.1 - CONTRIBUTING TO GLOBAL GREENHOUSE GAS (GHG) REDUCTION

Strategy: Promote low-carbon development by supporting Members to implement, in partnership with the Secretariat of the Pacific Community and the Regional Energy Policy, cost effective renewable energy (RE) and energy efficiency (EE) measures and low carbon technologies in the region and monitoring GHG emissions

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$		JS\$	
2015 Goal CC3.1.1 - EE actio	ns and cost-effective EE technologies a	re being promoted and implemented					
CC 3.1.1 By 2015, energy efficiency technologies are in widespread	The percentage of additional megawatt hours saved and megawatts of RE capacity installed	104% of MWh saved and 2008.6MWh of RE capacity installed using 2010 data as baseline	50 %	Personnel Costs	38,749	•	
use in the region	using data from 2010 as the			Operating Costs Capital Costs	151,708 600		
	baseline			Sub Total	191,058	57,335	
	The number of additional best practices and lessons learned, documented, and disseminated by 2015	 11 PICs have documented and disseminated, through DVDs, best practices and lessons learnt on progress in renewable energy and energy efficiency activities. Documented and disseminated best practices and lessons learnt by PNG for its Biofuel activities in Karkar Island 		All financials from outputs from 1.3 output 1.3.4.1 are to be read together.			
	Regional project management systems in place	PIGGAREP PMO has continued to liaise with the regional partners on energy efficiency efforts in support of renewable energy initiatives implemented by the countries under the PIGGAREP.					
2015 Goal CC 3.2.1 - RE act	ions and cost-effective RE technologies	are being promoted and implemented					
CC 3.2.1	The number of additional national	Reviewed Samoa's RE targets ("Increase in the contribution of			Budget	Actual	
By 2015, all Members are	RE targets or roadmaps adopted	RE to total energy consumption by 10% by 2016 and Increase in	60 %	Personnel Costs	119,602	122,845	
implementing renewable energy technologies and have plans to	by 2015	the supply of RE for energy services by 10% by 2016") Vanuatu Energy Roadmap (VERM) launched as a first Draft,		Operating Costs	319,496	522,356	
increase their use		which highlight renewable energy target for Vanuatu		Capital Costs	600	884	
				Sub Total	439,698	646,085	
				All financials from outputs from 1.3.1.1 to output 1.3.4.1 are to be read together			

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget	Estimates (us\$
	The number of new feasibility studies completed by 2015 The number of Members implementing RE technologies developed as a result of SPREP advice Regional project management systems in place	 The following feasibility studies completed in 2012 enabled participating countries to engage with donors in potential implementation: Biofuel feasibility for Kiritimati island, Kiribati completed in January 2012 Solar PV power grid feasibility study completed for Samoa Dynamic Stability study completed for Niue power Corporation Investigated the production of biofuel from coconut fronds and palms that will lead up to a full feasibility study for Green Distillation Technology All 11 PIGGAREP countries implementing RE technologies as a result of SPREP advice 3 non-PIGGAREP countries joining PIGGAREP+ through SIDS Dock funding A revised PAS template developed at end of 2012 to develop strategic PASs for 2013 and 2014 A revised quarterly reporting template developed to improve quarterly reporting Revised Achievement table to improve reporting on 				
2015 Goal CC 3.3.1 - Green	House Gas Inventory and technical nec	achievements to include impacts of activities , including gender.				
CC 3.3.1	The number of new GHG	Updated GHG for PNG, SI and Vanuatu done in conjunction			Budget	Actual
By 2015, all Members can refer to	Inventories and Technology Needs	with SPC through BizClim Project	40 %	Personnel Costs	42,766	42,339
accurate emissions inventories and assessments of their technical	Assessments completed by 2015			Operating Costs	144,435	132,107
needs				Capital Costs	600	208
				Sub Total	187,801	174,654
				All financials fro output 1.3.4.1 a		

Programme 1 - CLIMATE CHANGE | 2012

	<u> </u>		1			
Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US		5 \$
2015 Goal CC 3.4.1 - Memb	ers' capacity and awareness about inte	rnational carbon offsetting mechanisms is supported				
CC 3.4.1	The number of designated national	One final Regional Workshop on CDM project held in Samoa	20 %		Budget	Actual
By 2015, all Members have	authorities established and CDM	that looks at progressing the 6 concerned PICs (Fiji, Samoa,	20 /0	Personnel Costs	38,749	38,126
designated national authorities under the carbon offsetting	projects proposed under international carbon offsetting	Vanuatu, Solomon Islands and Tonga) CDM project preliminary set up phases		Operating Costs	740,635	2,847
mechanism, and are developing	mechanism by 2015.	set up phases		Capital Costs	600	0
projects under the Clean				Sub Total	779,984	40,973
Development Mechanism (CDM) of the Kyoto Protocol • Capacity at the regional level to support in-country implementation of mitigation work • NAMA guidelines were produced and tested in Cook Islands, resulting in successful submission of NAMA to the FCCC Registry for consideration for funding			Lower expenditure outputs 1.3.1.1 to delay in implemen PIGGAREP activities	1.3.4.1 were of t	lue to	
				Budget	Act	tual
TOTAL PROGRAMME 1			Personnel Costs	1,027,545	1,1	21,705
			Operating Costs	5,130,069	4,6	82,162
			Capital Costs	27,900		17,227
			TOTAL	6,185,514	5,8	21,094

2. **BIODIVERSITY AND ECOSYSTEM MANAGEMENT**

Members have improved ecosystem management, and are implementing conservation strategies to decrease the rate of terrestrial and **Programme Goals:**

marine biodiversity and habitat loss and degradation, including implementation of relevant conservation Multilateral Environmental

Agreements and regional activities

Arrest in the decline of key threatened and migratory species populations through targeted planning, management, and active implementation of international conventions in the region

The threat of invasive species has been reduced as a result of policy, legislation, awareness and management, including regional and national targeted prevention and response action

In 2012 the BEM continued to provide technical and advisory assistance to SPREP Members to strengthen capacity of Members on integrated resource management, ecosystem based adaptation, manage stressors on ecosystems, conserve the Pacific's unique natural heritage, build resilience and support sustainable use of the Pacific's valuable natural resources. Four targets of the BEM strategic priorities of the 2011-2015 Strategic Plan have been 100% achieved, with seven targets 50%-80% achieved.

A major highlight for 2012 was the successful launch of a major partnership collaboration to support implementation of ecosystem-based adaptation initiatives in Choiseul, Solomon Islands. specifically, this partnership aims at increasing resilience against climate change and natural disasters, enhance food security, and strengthen management of natural ecosystems. Other highlights included:

Island and Oceanic Ecosystems

- Pacific Island Countries active participation at the CBD COP 11, Hyderabad, India
- Pacific Voyage Campaign delivered at CBD COP11 including side events and display booths to raise profile of the Pacific
- Preparatory Meeting for Ramsar COP11 held in Palau
- Republic of Kiribati endorsed joining the Ramsar Convention on Wetlands
- Fiji initiated process to review list of nationally significant wetlands
- Fiji as agreed to host the 9th Pacific Islands Conference on Nature Conservation and Protected Areas

- GEF-PAS Integrated Island Biodiversity Project for Cook Islands, Nauru, Tonga and Tuvalu implementation started
- Biodiversity rapid assessment of Samoa's cloud forest on central Savaii completed
- SPREP and CBD Secretariat MoU renewed
- SPREP-UNEP MoU renewed
- SPREP and delegates from Pacific Island Countries had consultative meeting with the new CEO of GEF
- EbA project for Lami town, Fiji, completed and providing a basis for local authority adaptation planning
- 22 Key Biodiversity Areas were identified in Kiribati, in collaboration with MELAD

Threatened species

- Potential sub-regional management units for post nesting green turtles identified
- 2012-2017 Marine Species Action Plan endorsed
- Fiji accession to the Convention on Migratory species endorsed
- USA becomes the 15th signatory to the Pacific Cetacean MoU

Invasive Species

- Implementation of the 10-country, US\$3.5 million GEF PAS on Invasive Species Project started
- Invasive species issues recognized and integrated in the 43rd Leaders Forum Communiqué
- Pacific islands Learning Network 3rd Meeting held on Kiritimati Island
- Wallis and Futuna joined PILN
- Line Islands CEPF-funded project successfully achieved
- Training on economic impact of invasive species conducted and attended by 26 participants from six countries

Component: **BEM 1 – ISLAND AND OCEANIC ECOSYSTEMS**

Promote and support the management and conservation of island, coastal and marine ecosystems and the region's unique biodiversity Strategy:

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget E	estimates l	JS\$
		ent, and are implementing conservation strategies to decrease of relevant conservation Multilateral Environmental Agreeme			ersity and	habitat
BEM 1.1.1 At least 50% of all Members are implementing National Biodiversity Strategic Action Plan (or equivalent) targets.	The number of members implementing NBSAP or equivalent targets The number of members implementing NBSAP or equivalent targets The number of members implementing NBSAP or equivalent targets The number of members implementing NBSAP or equivalent targets	 Completed second NBSAP capacity building workshop in collaboration with the CBD Secretariat, attended by 12 Pacific Island Countries and hosted by New Zealand. Coordinated a meeting between 12 Pacific Island Delegates, SPREP and the new CEO of the GEF during the 11th Conference of Parties to the CBD Signed a new MoU with the CBD Secretariat on priority areas for collaboration in the Pacific Signed a new MoU with UNEP to strengthen collaboration on key priority areas of shared interest Produced briefs to support PICs engagement at the CBD SBSTTA 15 and 16 meetings Successfully conducted a preparatory meeting for PICs to assist with preparations for the CBD COP11. Meeting attended by 46 representatives from PICs, NZ, UNEP, CBD Secretariat, NGOs and PIFS. Outcome: priority issues for the Pacific for COP11, outreach campaign plan and an engagement strategy. Produced Pacific Brief for COP11, CBD COP11 Passport (Guide on key issues), and publicity materials and information which were widely used to assist PICs at COP11 Successfully engaged and participated at COP11 through interventions during main meeting, side events and specific events organized for Pacific delegates Signed agreement with the CBD Secretariat to carry out POWPA activities in the Pacific, included funding grant of U\$\$35,000 for implementation. Conducted open standards for conservation training for Samoa and Nauru 	100%	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total Additional funding the year from ICCA activities		•

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget E	estimates US	s\$
BEM 1.1.2 By 2015, Members have increased the number and/or extent of terrestrial and marine conservation areas effectively managed compared to the 2010 level and met individually identified targets; for example, through the Programme of Work on Protected areas, of the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) .	The number and extent of conservation areas effectively managed The number and extent of conservation areas effectively managed The number and extent of conservation areas effectively managed The number and extent of conservation areas effectively managed The number and extent of conservation areas effectively managed The number and extent of conservation areas effectively managed The number and extent of conservation areas effectively managed The number and extent of conservation areas effectively managed The number and extent of conservation areas effectively managed The number and extent of conservation areas effectively managed The number and extent of conservation areas effectively managed The number and extent of conservation areas effectively managed The number and extent of conservation areas effectively managed The number and extent of conservation areas effectively managed The number and extent of conservation are number as a second of conservation a	 Collaborated with CROP partners through Marine Sector Working Group, furthering implementation of the Oceanscape Framework, including sourcing seed funding of \$20,000 for networks of Marine Protected Areas. Engaged with coral reef monitoring and protection networks, specifically International Coral Reef Initiative and US Coral Reef Task Force, developing collaboration for regional support. Obtained 500,000 Euros EU funding for PACIOCEA project, a regional effort with French MPA Agency in New Caledonia to develop Pacific island approaches to marine spatial planning, in Polynesian and Melanesian PICTs, to support marine management. Collaborated in successfully funding Marine and Coastal Biodiversity Management in Pacific Island Countries and Atolls (MACBIO) project with IUCN and GIZ, from German BMU (540,000 Euros for SPREP component) to deliver marine management support to Fiji, Kiribati, Solomon Is., Tonga and Vanuatu over 5 years. Implemented USAID-funded Choiseul EbA Project: needs for targeted conservation and management planning identified, as well as through vulnerability and adaptation assessment in 26 villages in Choiseul Province, Solomon Is. Conceptual framework developed with Samoa for conducting current SOE assessment, delivered as a brochure for managers and the public. 	INote: actual status subject to outcomes of State of Conservation Oceania Study to be completed by January 2014. In terms of POWPA Action Plans, 10/14 PICs that are Parties to CBD have completed POWPA action plans]	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total Delay in implement project - implement of the year	_	

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget E	Estimates	us\$
		 Developed MoU with the government of the Cook Islands, Conservation International Foundation, International Union for the Conservation of Nature, University of California Santa-Barbara Marine Science Institute, and UNEP World Conservation Monitoring Centre, to support establishment and ongoing planning for the Cook Islands Marine Park. 22 Key Biodiversity Areas were identified in Kiribati, in collaboration with MELAD, with most important areas: Abaiang, Rawaki, Kiritimati. Conservation planning carried out in Gilbert Islands, Kiribati, with island council and departments of fisheries, lands, forestry and environment, to identify important biodiversity sites. Conducted inception meetings for the GEFPAS Integrated Island Biodiversity project for Cook Islands, Nauru, Tonga and Tuvalu. Successfully completed a Biodiversity Rapid Assessment of the cloud forests of central Savaii, Samoa in partnership with Samoa Ministry of Environment, NZ Department of Defense, NZ Department of Conservation, Conservation International with funding from the Critical Ecosystem Partnership Fund. Key information was collected with new species identified and all these are documented in the BIORAP full report, DVD and posters produced based on findings of the survey. 				
BEM 1.1.3 Each Member has at least one effectively managed Marine Protected Area (MPA)	The number of members with an effectively managed MPA	 Finalized and printed report on marine management Good Coastal management practices in the Pacific – experiences from the field with case studies from 10 SPREP members. Key Biodiversity Areas were identified in Kiribati in collaboration with MELAD. Conservation planning carried out in Gilbert Islands group, Kiribati, with island council and departments of fisheries, lands, forestry and environment, to identify important biodiversity sites. Database maintained, updated information being collected from countries. 	55%	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total Figures for this outogether with those	-	

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting 2012 Results Strategic Plan Target (%) Budget Estimates US		JS\$	
BEM 1.1.4 At least one Regional Oceanscape	The number of regional Oceanscape initiatives fully	Active engagement with World Bank and the Global Partnership for Oceans in their development of an	20%	Personnel Costs	Budget 14,840	Actual 15,419
initiative is fully operational	operational ,	investment strategy for the Pacific Ocean, closely aligned to	2070	Operating Costs	2,773	28,008
mediate is run, operational		the Oceanscape Framework.		Capital Costs	0	625
		 Ongoing collaboration with DSEWPaC and CSIRO, Australia, 		Sub Total	17,613	44,052
		and MSWG developing proposals and an implementation plan for Marine Spatial Planning technical support and capacity building in member countries.		Additional funding	-	
BEM 1.1.5	Number of PICs that are Ramsar	Solomon Islands, FSM and Nauru were approached for			Budget	Actual
By 2015, at least two additional	members	interest in joining Ramsar during 2012. Positive responses		Personnel Costs	50,859	53,513
PICs have joined the Ramsar		received, and work on Nauru's preparations to proceed from	50%	Operating Costs	117,388	53,596
Convention		early 2013.Tonga and Kiribati were both assisted with the final stages of		Capital Costs	300	0
		their preparations for joining Ramsar. Kiribati Cabinet		Sub Total	168,546	107,109
Convention		 approved joining Ramsar in November 2012. The fifth Oceania Ramsar meeting was successfully convened from 26-30 March 2012 in Koror, Palau engaging over 30 participants from PICTs, regional and international partners. The regional brief was prepared and disseminated to Pacific Island Ramsar parties on June 21 2012, two weeks before the official opening of COP11. Technical assistance was provided to Oceania Contracting Parties at COP11 including convening daily regional meetings to canvass issues and positions. Palau, Fiji and Samoa were assisted to revise their Ramsar site information and maps. Samoa submitted final information sheets and maps to Ramsar Secretariat. Techical assistance provided to Samoa for planning activities and funding sourced and provided to carry out activities. Samoa WWD commemorative activities were successfully carried out. 		funds expected fro eventuate	iii Kurisul u	

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget E	stimates U	s\$
BEM 1.1.6	The extent to which the Regional	 Ramsar 'wise use' toolkits, posters and SPREP wetland factsheets distributed at various events during 2012. New SPREP-Ramsar MoC (2012-2015) developed and signed in November 2012, associated work plan finalized and completed. Fiji, Kiribati and Samoa were assisted with reporting on their existing projects under the Ramsar Small Grants Fund. The issue of establishing national wetland committees was raised with PIC parties in 2012 as a Ramsar obligation to be acted upon. However, only Fiji has formalized its National Wetlands Steering Committee. Activity deferred to 2013 for follow up. The RWAP was disseminated and promoted at various 			Budget	Actual
By 2015, implementation of the	Wetlands Action Plan is	events/meetings during 2012: ORM-5, Ramsar COP11, Fiji	,	Personnel Costs	50,859	53,397
Regional Wetlands Action Plan	implemented	National Wetlands Steering Committee (NWSC) meeting. • A small group of Ramsar Contracting Parties including Fiji	45%	Operating Costs	7,253	45,192
coordinated in collaboration with all partners		and Australia, Ramsar Secretariat and SPREP have agreed to		Capital Costs Sub Total	58,113	545 99,133
		 monitor implementation of the RWAP. Two project proposals were discussed and agreed to with PICTs at ORM-5 (March 2012) to progress RWAP priority actions. The development of these proposals were agreed to be led by Fiji, Palau, RMI and PNG. Minimal involvement in MESCAL/PMI activities during 2012. However, funding was identified and secured from Australian AID (ICCAI) to implement a mangrove rehabilitation and replanting project on Namdrik and Jaluit Atolls in the Marshall Islands. Mangrove database operational and national mangrove data for Tonga from MESCAL surveys during September 2012 entered. Further use of the database with other MESCAL countries will be promoted in early 2013. 		funds from ICCAI a additional activitie	f \$34k assiste	

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget E	stimates U	s\$
2015 Goal BEM 1.2 - Ecosystem	-based adaptation (EbA) is widely reco	ognised and implemented as a key element of climate change	adaptation measures			
BEM 1.2.1 By 2015, five examples of EBA to climate change being implemented in PICTs	The number of examples of EbA being implemented	 Completed technical and synthesis reports on cost benefit analysis of ecosystem-based and engineering adaptation options for Lami Town Fiji. Provided technical advice in adaptation planning leading to implementation of mangrove planting and stream bank revegetation in Lami Town Fiji. Carried out vulnerability assessment for 26 villages in Choiseul Province, Solomon Is. as a basis for detailed adaptation planning. Developed vulnerability poster for Choiseul Province to communicate adaptation needs to national and provincial governments as well as village decision makers. Site prioritization and consultation to initiate coastal EbA actions for sandy coastlines in Samoa. 	40%	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total New funds receive positions that wor	•	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ent of all relevant national and regional stakeholders, and street onservation in support of national initiatives and priorities • 9 th Pacific Islands Conference on Nature Conservation and	engthen coordinated act	tion on biodivers	ty conserva	Actual
Roundtable for Nature Conservation working groups are fully functional and providing regional leadership and coordination on key issues	Nature Conservation working groups that are fully functional	 Protected Area (PICNCPA) concept note endorsed at the 23rd SPREP Meeting. Continued preparations for the 9th PICNCPA. Conference Coordinator recruited through NZ Volunteer Scheme Abroad. Drafted and disseminated conference agenda to all members. Poster and logo launched at the CBD COP11 in Hyderabad, India. Initiated review of the Action Strategy for Nature Conservation and Protected Areas 2008-2012. Convened Roundtable for Nature Conservation annual meeting. 	[Note: Only Invasive Species WG is fully operational. Other Groups - Protected Areas, Threatened Species, Action Strategy Monitoring - are strengthening their groups and activities for 9 th nature conservation conference]	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total	31,360 24,888 0 56,248	33,709 19,602 0 53,312

## Presoned continued by the provided in the p	Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget E	Estimates U	S\$
EBSAs. Funds from Noumea Convention funded additional activities	2015 Goal BEM 1.4 — SPREP has BEM 1.4.1 Members are able to spend less time on meeting MEA reporting requirements 2015 Goal BEM 1.5 — Develop r and interest BEM 1.5.1 Identify numbers of Ecologically and Biologically Significant Areas in relation to the CBD, and other relevant organisations and	egional knowledge, and consider regionational organizations and initiatives; a The number of MEAs that have modified reporting requirements for Pacific Members The number of cologically and biologically significant areas	Developed vision, captured in a document to engage stakeholders and members, for streamlined reporting in the Pacific region in collaboration with Pacific Island Forum Secretariat, Secretariat of the Pacific Community, SPC, Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights, University of Maryland Center for Environmental Science Integration and Application Network, and the Australian Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization (CSIRO) Provided technical support to Fiji with the development of an Integrated Financing Strategy for sustainable land management. In action on oceanic ecosystems in areas within and beyond management. Worked with SCBD as well as Australian Department SEWPaC and CSIRO to plan outputs and a mechanism to utilize the data synthesis from the EBSA process in national and regional management decision making. Developed a proposal to AusAID and designed an implementation process for national and regional Marine Spatial Planning, including further regional assessment of	O % [Note: Liaison Group of the Biodiversity related conventions (CBD, CITES, CMS, Ramsar World Heritage and International Treaty on Plants Genetic Resources) adopted a modus operandi to guide its work. One of its tasks is to continue to review harmonization of national reporting] national jurisdictions, ir nt Facility (GEF) on this	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total Funds from MEA e additional activitie n concert with relissue Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total Funds from Nounce	Budget 22,517 11,908 0 34,424 mabled to funes 27,656 4,780 0 32,435 ea Convention	Actual 24,325 21,466 0 45,790 d Actual 28,840 19,269 251 48,360

Component: **BEM 2 – THREATENED AND MIGRATORY**

Strategy: Effective regional coordination of, and support for, threatened and migratory species management and conservation

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget	Estimates U	IS\$
	he decline of key threatened and mig ns in the region	ratory species populations through targeted planning, managen	nent, and active imple	ementation of int	ernational	
BEM 2.1.1 Regional marine species action plan reviewed and updated by 2012	The number of Members implementing NBSAP or equivalent targets	 Meeting completed successfully in March 2012 with balance of funding secured from CITES; CMS; CEPF; WDC; WWF. Workshop report finalised and distributed. 18 SPREP members and 13 partner organisations were represented at the meeting. A supplementary Shark Action Plan was also developed. The 2013 – 2017 MSAP was endorsed at the 23rd annual SPREP meeting. Print and web version available (English & French) and distributed to countries / territories. 	100% [but activities ongoing]	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total Funds from UNEP officers to fund ad		
BEM 2.1.2 By 2015, at least four additional PIC Members have joined the Convention on Migratory Species (CMS) or its relevant Memoranda of Understanding (MOUs)	The number of additional PIC Members of CMS / MOUs	 Fiji Cabinet endorsed accession to CMS in September, 2012. Vanuatu endorsed becoming a Signatory to the CMS Shark MoU in September, 2012. (United States, as a SPREP member, became 15th Signatory to the Pacific Cetaceans MoU). Country visits and technical support (eg: synopsis of Shark MoU; drafting of Fiji's Cabinet paper; paper on integrating TMS into NBSAPs) provided to Fiji, Tonga, Vanuatu and Samoa in relation to accession / becoming Signatories. Other awareness raising materials / opportunities: 'CMS in the Pacific' factsheet prepared through support of ACP-MEA project and now available on line and in print; presentation delivered at NBSAP review meeting (Aug, 2012); input into paper prepared for SPREP meeting. Secured financial support from CMS (Convention & Dugong MoU) for the review of the MSAPs. CMS Dugong MoU Coordinator participated during development of Dugong Action Plan, and elements of CMS integrated into all action plans. Convened 3rd Meeting of Signatories to the Pacific Cetaceans MoU. Meeting attended by 8 signatories; 3 collaborating organisations; 2 observers (USA and IWC). 	40%	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total Additional funds fitransferred for CN operational expen	IS Pacific office	

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget	Estimates	us\$	
		 Provided support to Vanuatu in lead up to Dugong MoU 2nd Meeting of the Signatories. Received commitment of additional funding (US\$70,000) from CMS for year 2 of CMS PO post. 					
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	es are mainstreamed into relevant national, regional, and inte	rnational strategies a	ind programmes	1	1	
BEM 2.2.1 By 2015, regional species priorities are integrated into relevant	international policies and programmes that are developed		40%	Personnel Costs Operating Costs	43,868 33,050	47,371 25,466	
regional and international policies and programmes	or updated to include regional species priorities	 / IGOs; SPREP and CITES as co-facilitators. CMS Pacific Cetaceans MoU Signatories adopted the SPREP WDAP (2013 – 2017) as the new MoU for Pacific Cetacean 		Capital Costs Sub Total	500 77,418	72,837	
		 Action Plan at September meeting. Review completed and joint SPREP/CMS work plan accounts for activities to improve implementation of MoC. 					
BEM 2.2.2	The number of recovery plans	Provided technical and financial support to Fiji in the review			Budget	Actual	
By 2015, two regional and four	implemented	of their sea turtle recovery plan and whale sanctuary		Personnel Costs	35,302	38,461	
national species recovery plans		management plan.	40%	Operating Costs	38,468	5,567	
developed and implemented		Provided technical support to the Solomon Islands for the		Capital Costs	500	0	
		development of the dolphin management plan (draft outline		Sub Total	74,269	44,028	
		 of a plan and offer to be part of drafting committee). Started process in Tonga for implementing community based turtle monitoring (NZ DoC) project. Continued operating four listservers for cetacean (84 members); turtle (89 members); shark (46 members); dugong (23 members); TREDS (50 members). Completed preliminary surveys for the megapode bird in Tonga under the GEFPAS Integrated Island Biodiversity Project. This will contribute to the review of the Megapode Recovery Plan. 		Delay in implemen biodiversity projec	et .		
BEM 2.2.3	The number of new or updated	Initiated work on review of Tonga's whale watch legislation.			Budget	Actual	
New or updated wildlife legislation	pieces of wildlife legislation	Provided technical and financial support to drafting of Fiji	0)	Personnel Costs	15,369	15,758	
enacted	enacted	sanctuary management plan / legislation.		Operating Costs	52,250	1,897	
				Capital Costs	0	0	
				Sub Total	67,619	17,655	
				unsecured funds of eventuate	s of \$48,400 did not		

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$		
2015 Goal BEM 2.4 - Status of t	hreatened and endangered species is	continually reviewed and updated as a key part of regional bio	diversity monitoring			
BEM 2.4.1	The extent to which a regional	Concluded stakeholder consultation to establish community			Budget	Actual
By 2015, status reviews of	status assessment of threatened	turtle monitoring networks for Fiji and Tonga.	10%	Personnel Costs	83,607	84,075
threatened species completed,	species is completed; extent to	Community training workshop for Fiji scheduled in		Operating Costs	19,938	39,632
resulting in a regional assessment	which the decline has been	December – due to untimely passing of Marine Species		Capital Costs	. 0	,
of how much the decline in species has been arrested	arrested	Adviser this has been deferred to 2013. Additionally,		· ·	_	
nas been arrested		arrangements made for monitors exchange between Fiji /		Sub Total	103,544	123,708
		 Tonga and Vanuatu has been deferred to 2014. Funds committed to undertake national dugong survey for Vanuatu. Schedule clashes in country did not allow for this to be completed. Activity deferred to 2013. Completed stranding training in partnership with NOAA and University of Hawaii for Fiji. Vanuatu and Tonga training scheduled for 2013. Provided technical support to Solomon Islands in the development of their dolphin management plan, whale watch legislation for Tonga, whale sanctuary management plan for Fiji and CMS shark MoU process for Vanuatu and Samoa. Provided financial assistance to the Cook Islands for 'nesting beach protection' sign to be erected on Mauke. Distributed a funding / grants alert matrix to species networks including CMS focal points. Objective was to encourage proposal development at national level. Alert was distributed quarterly and only request for assistance received from PNG. Circulated CMS Small Grants Programme funding to Samoa, which is an eligible CMS Party. No application was submitted from the region. 		Additional funds fi for this output	rom NZXB w	ere allocated

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$		
2015 Goal BEM 2.5 - Non-party model law		Trade in Endangered Species (CITES), begin implementing wild	llife protection legisla	tion, receive train	ning and de	velop
BEM 2.5.1	The number of additional PIC	Facilitated communication between the RMI and CITES			Budget	Actual
By 2015, at least four additional	members in CITES	regarding accession to CITES.	15%	Personnel Costs	12,883	13,105
PICs have joined CITES		Joint letter from SPREP and CITES to the Government of		Operating Costs	2,558	1,848
		Australia seeking support for a CITES position. To date, this		Capital Costs	0	0
		has not been successful although efforts are on-going.		Sub Total	15,441	14,953
BEM 2.5.2	The number of officers trained to	Provided technical support to CITES capacity building			Budget	Actual
Training completed for scientific	implement CITES article 4	workshop conducted in Nadi prior to review of MSAPs. 16	15%	Personnel Costs	4,317	4,195
authorities to implement CITES		PICTs participated (total of 20 participants); Australia; 2 NGO		Operating Costs	550	677
article 4 (non-detriment findings		/ IGOs; SPREP and CITES as co-facilitators.		Capital Costs	0	0
				Sub Total	4,867	4,872
DEMAN S					Budaak	Antoni
BEM 2.5.3	The extent to which model CITES	Provided offer of technical support to the Solomon Islands to deaft actional assessment along for delibilities in acceptant of		Davage and Cast-	Budget	Actual
A model management plan for	management plan for corals,	to draft national management plan for dolphins in context of	15%	Personnel Costs	5,475	5,479
corals, dolphins, and other marine species has been developed	dolphins, and other marine species is completed	the live trade issue and CITES implications.		Operating Costs	550	677
species has been developed				Capital Costs	0	00
				Sub Total	6,025	6,156

Component: **BEM 3 – INVASIVE SPECIES**

Strategy: Provide technical, institutional, and financial support to regional invasive species programs in coordination with other regional bodies

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$		
2015 Goal BEM 3.1 – The threat response action	and the control of th	s a result of policy, legislation, awareness and management, inclu	uding regional and nat	cional targeted p	revention a	nd
BEM 3.1.1	The extent to which invasive	PIP Annual Meeting completed – action plan developed for			Budget	Actual
By 2013, regional invasives	species gap analysis is completed	2012-2013.	60%	Personnel Costs	47,200	50,423
priorities are identified, based on gap analysis of the Guidelines for	and is being implemented	From PIP Action Plan: Worked with PII and BirdLife on Pacific Islands Forum Leaders brief; worked with IUCN-ISSG and		Operating Costs	127,348	239,876
Invasive Species Management in		other PIP members to support the Pacific at COP 11		Capital Costs	500	1,630
the Pacific, and coordinated action		(Hyderabad, India) through development of an invasive		Sub Total	175,048	291,928
to address them is undertaken by member agencies of the Pacific Invasives Partnership in collaboration with Members		species brief; collaborated with SPC on the CABI Invasive Species Compendium training. Gap analysis deferred to 2013 - ISA post vacant. PIP annual action plan completed for 2012-2013. Assisted PII and NZ DoC in developing the training material and technical support for the weeds planning and management course. Organized and contributed invasive species surveys in RMI, others postponed until 2013 due to the delay of the GEFPAS project commencement. Capacity Development strategy under development with a consultant engaged to finalise this.		Finance figures to be read in conjunction with output 2.3.1.2; 2.3.1.3; and 2.3.6.1 (delay in implementation of project)		
BEM 3.1.2	The number of additional	Action plan completed for Fiji and drafted Action Plan for			Budget	Actual
By 2015, five additional Members	Members with National Invasive	Kosrae . Action plan for Palau deferred to 2013, no Palau	20%	Personnel Costs	39,792	38,823
have National Invasive Species Action Plans, managed by National Invasive	Species Action Plans	coordinator until end of December; Palau IAS action plan		Operating Costs	230,120	88,424
Species Committees		scheduled for March 2013. Others delayed due to GEFPAS project implementation. Niue, Tonga, Kiribati, Vanuatu		Capital Costs	0	0
Species committees		planned for 2013.		Sub Total	269,912	127,246
		Invasive Species Strategic Plan reviewed for Kosrae and a new draft proposed		Finance figures to be read in conjunctiwith output 2.3.1.1; 2.3.1.3; and 2.3.6. (delay in implementation of project)		

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget	Estimates U	S\$
BEM 3.1.3	The number of PICTs using	Weed Risk Assessment initiated and component was included			Budget	Actual
By 2015, environmental risk	environmental risk assessment to	in the Pacific Invasive Weeds Management Training course.	20%	Personnel Costs	38,634	37,547
assessment is adopted and informs biosecurity and invasive species	inform biosecurity/invasive	This will be continued in 2013		Operating Costs	170,500	82,828
management programmes in five	species management	Risk Assessment planning started within GEFPAS project (Tonga, Niue) and will continue in 2013.		Capital Costs	0	0
PICTs		Technical assistance provided under the CEPF Holding the		Sub Total	209,134	120,374
	Line Islands project for improved quarantine controls in Kiribati and this will be strengthened in the GEF-PAS project		Finance figures to be read in conjunction with output 2.3.1.1; 2.3.1.2 and 2.3.6.1 (delay in implementation of project)			
	Invasives Partnership and Pacific Invasi operation among relevant regional bod	ives Learning Network (PILN) are maintained as regional coordina ies	ting, capacity-buildin	g, and monitoring	g mechanisn	ns and
BEM 3.2.1	The number of PICT members of	PILN meeting held on Kiritimati Island attended by all 14 PILN			Budget	Actual
By 2015, PILN achieves	PILN	teams including three additional countries interested in	66%	Personnel Costs	9,725	10,378
comprehensive membership by		establishing PILN teams (Vanuatu, PNG and Solomon Islands)		Operating Costs	114,208	178,190
PICTs				Capital Costs	0	545
				Sub Total	123,933	189,112
				Additional funding from CAB Int.; Conservation International and AFD funded additional activities		
2015 Goal BEM 3.3 - Invasive sp	ecies issues are incorporated into publi	c awareness programmes, formal and adult education programm	es, and targeted soci	al marketing cam	paigns	
BEM 3.3.1	The number of Pacific invasive	PIP Communication Strategy completed.			Budget	Actual
By 2015, there are high-quality	species awareness/education	Information Brief developed targeting Pacific Island Leaders	40%	Personnel Costs	63,046	63,020
examples of invasive species	campaigns completed	at the 43 rd Pacific Leaders Meeting in the Cook Islands		Operating Costs	77,908	49,842
awareness/education campaigns tailored to the region		Awareness campaign undertaken by various PILN teams.		Capital Costs	0	0
tallored to the region		Kosrae Invasive Species Team focussed on the Giant African Snail, White-fly and Crown of Thorns Starfish. Public		Sub Total	140,954	112,863
		 awareness campaign in Samoa for invasive Myna control. Fiji undertook American iguana campaign. American Samoa focussed on the threat by Tamaligi. Guam continued to focus on the Brown Tree Snake, Little Fire Ant and Coconut Rhinoceros Beetle. The Micronesia Regional Invasive Species Council focused on a region-wide public awareness activities including an Invasive Species Calendar. 		Delay in impleme project	ntation of GEF	UNEP

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates U		US\$	
	of the economic impacts of invasive sp		1000/		Budget	Actual	
BEM 3.4.1 By 2013, a case study pilot	Completion of a case study pilot on the economic cost of invasive	Training on economic impact of invasive species conducted and attended by 26 participants from six countries; countries	100%	Personnel Costs	32,526	29,631	
demonstrating actual and potential	species	are now applying the training to do their own assessment. Fiji		Operating Costs	5,308	7,944	
economic costs of specific invasive		has completed five case studies: African tulip tree, small Asian		Capital Costs	0	0	
species and the economic benefits		mongoose, taro beetle, red-vented bulbul, merremia vine.			_	1	
of successful responses has been carried out				Sub Total	37,834	37,576	
BEM 3.4.2	Completion of a social marketing	GEF-PAS IAS project in the Cook Islands, led by the National	60%		Budget	Actual	
By 2014, a social marketing	campaign on invasive species	Environment Service, has started planning of TV awareness		Personnel Costs	6,307	6,662	
campaign has been undertaken		campaign, in cooperation with the Ministry of Agriculture.		Operating Costs	0	660	
based on the case study to lift		Social marketing campaigns implemented focusing on raising		Capital Costs	0	0	
invasive species up the political agenda and increase financial		awareness on invasive species (Guam) and removal of		Sub Total	6,307	7,323	
support for control measures		 invasive trees from a wetland area (CNMI). Worked with PII and BirdLife on Pacific Islands Forum Leaders brief 				•	
•	nformation on the status and distributi	on of invasive species, and objective prioritisation methods, unde	rpins management in	the region			
BEM 3.5.1	Evidence of regional coordination	GEFPAS work plan integrated with the PIP 2012-2013 work	30%		Budget	Actual	
By 2015, there is evidence of	to share information on invasive	plan to help guide technical support to participating		Personnel Costs	22,972	24,786	
increased regional coordination to share information on the status and	species	countries. • Invasive species information disseminated via PILN		Operating Costs	2,058	54,683	
distribution of invasive species		Soundbites with contributions from PII, BirdLife, GLISPA,		Capital Costs	500	0	
alout load of the above opened		Island Conservation and others.		Sub Total	25,530	79,469	
		 Wallis and Futuna joined PILN – discussions with other countries are ongoing. Discussions held with Australian based organisations to be members of PIP. This will help enhance PIP efforts to Solomon Islands, Vanuatu and PNG. Invasive species presentations to a range of fora including the Review of the NBSAP meeting with CBD Secretariat, the Board of the Pacific Plant Protection Organisation. 		New funds from Co International and other sources enal	left over fun		

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$		s \$			
2015 Goal BEM 3.6 — The region places greater emphasis on eradication and biological control as means to manage invasives									
BEM 3.6.1	The number of demonstration	Eradications of mammals (rats and cats) were carried out in			Budget	Actual			
By 2015, demonstration biocontrol	biocontrol and eradication	the Line Islands, Kiribati, under the CEPF project.	60%	Personnel Costs	32,257	33,767			
and eradication projects have been carried out within the GEF-PAS	projects carried out	A further eradication effort on invasive plants (<i>Chromolaena</i> and <i>Mikania</i> .)was undertaken in the Marshall Islands		Operating Costs	351,808	30,569			
programme and complementary		Assisted Palau and FSM with biocontrol projects on Mikania		Capital Costs	0	0			
initiatives		including assistance by Queensland Bioisecurity.		Sub Total	384,065	64,336			
		 Technical assistance provided for the restoration of motus and islets in the Line Islands and the restoration project on Mt Vaea in conjunction with PII, NZMFAT and MNRE. Successful eradications completed by PIP e.g. Palmyra, Line Islands, Monoriki in Fiji Provided technical support on testing efficiency of different invasive bird traps in Palau and Samoa. 		Delay in implementation of project and also refer notes in output 2.3.1.1					
				Budget	Act	tual			
			Personnel Costs	1,084,525	1,3	58,763			
TOTAL PROGRAMME 2			Operating Costs	2,342,576	2,0	46,640			
			Capital Costs	8,400		16,006			
			TOTAL	3,435,501	3,4	21,409			

3. WASTE MANAGEMENT AND POLLUTION CONTROL DIVISION

Programme Goal: By 2015, all Members have national waste management and pollution control policies, strategies, plans and practices in place for minimisation of terrestrial, atmospheric and marine pollution, hazardous waste, solid waste and other land-based sources

In 2012, the WMPC Division continued to provide technical and advisory assistance to SPREP Members to strengthen integrated waste management, and promote improved hazardous waste and marine pollution management. A major highlight for 2012 was the successful implementation of the 12 month Clean Pacific Campaign which included provision of grass roots support for improved waste management at the community level. Other highlights included:

Solid waste management

- Development and/or review of solid waste management strategies for Palau and the Marshall Islands
- Provided general solid waste management training to waste champions from nine countries during the Clean Pacific 2012 campaign
- Guidelines released to assist organisation to "Green" major events and released four factsheets on waste management practices
- Designed a regional train-the-trainers programme in solid waste management
- Published and distributed the Pacific WasteLine E-newsletter
- Commenced a project in Fiji to climate proof a local waste disposal site

Hazardous waste management

- Persistent organic pollutants cleared from contaminated sites in Samoa and the contaminants exported offshore for safe disposal
- Conducted the 6th Conference of the Parties to the Waigani Convention
- Developed a Work Plan for 2013-2014 period for the Regional Basel Centre based at SPREP

- Completed planning for a 5 year hazardous waste management project funded through the European Union and the Global Environment Facility
- E-waste management planning developed for the region and distribution through a Regional E-waste Strategy
- Completed a used oil audit for Samoa

Marine pollution management

- Conducted the 11th Conference of the Parties to the Noumea Convention
- Review of PACPLAN completed
- Regional training provided in Particularly Sensitive Sea Areas designation, the London Convention and Protocols, site sensitivity mapping, Oil spill response techniques and tools, pollution investigation and enforcement tools, and marine pollution compensation and liability
- Support provided for the drafting of Fiji's marine pollution prevention legislation (the Maritime Transport Decree)
- Port sediment management plans completed for Samoa, Tonga and Fiji
- Baseline studies on the economic impacts of marine invasive species completed in Tonga and Samoa.

Programme 3 - WASTE MANAGEMENT AND POLLUTION CONTROL 2012

Component: WMPC 1 – BEHAVIOURAL CHANGE

Support Member countries with legislation, regulation, and financial instruments, that lead to changes in behaviour for minimising Strategy: pollution, and effectively managing wastes and hazardous chemicals through education and communication

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$		
2015 Goal WMPC 1.1 – Stren		he need for, and advantages of, effective waste and hazardous	Plan Target (%)		Budget 70,447 263,111 700 334,258 e than budgete	Actual 90,133 160,227 4,015 254,376 ed due to

Programme 3 - WASTE MANAGEMENT AND POLLUTION CONTROL | 2012

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Es	Budget Estimates US\$		
WMPC 1.1.2	The coastal marine water quality	Completed a review of Fiji's National Marine Spill			Budget	Actual	
By 2015, improvement in coastal	and number of pollution incidents	Contingency Plan (NATPLAN)	Working towards	Personnel Costs	23,475	25,535	
marine water quality and reduction	per of pollution incidents	Provision of technical support to update NATPLANs in 3	target on an	Operating Costs	10,510	12,134	
in number of pollution incidents		PICTs (Fiji, Niue, and Tonga)	annual basis	Capital Costs	600	0	
demonstrated by at least five PICT		Provision of technical advice and support for the	through pollution	Sub Total	34,585	37,669	
Members		and maintenance of National Marine Pollution Prevention	prevention work, unable to measure actual Strategic Plan target.				
WMPC 1.1.3	The number of waste	Implemented the Clean Pacific 2012 Campaign, including			Budget	Actual	
Waste minimisation programmes	minimisation programmes	provision of grassroots support to 6 PICTs (Fiji, Kiribati, New	20%	Personnel Costs	39,826	66,823	
	implemented at high-profile	Caledonia, Palau, Tokelau, and Vanuatu)		Operating Costs	7,275	91,457	
recycle' principles are implemented at five high-profile regional	events			Capital Costs	700	0	
sporting/cultural events and				Sub Total	47,800	158,280	
lessons learned disseminated widely				Secured fundings for the Clean Pacific Campaign from Japan and Westpac bank to implement activities			
WMPC 1.1.4	The extent to which waste	Deferred to 2013 due to reprioritisation			Budget	Actual	
Waste management communications			0%	Personnel Costs	8,276	8,920	
toolkit developed by 2012 and in use	1			Operating Costs	3,189	25,663	
by at least five PICT Members by	Members using the toolkit			Capital Costs	650	0	
2014				Sub Total	12,115	34,583	
				Budget for convention was allocated to out		his output	
WMPC 1.1.5	The number of Members	Regional port reception facilities recognised through			Budget	Actual	
Pilot schemes addressing waste,	implementing pilot schemes on	MARPOL amendments to provide for future implementation		Personnel Costs	17,942	21,878	
hazardous chemicals, and pollution	waste, hazardous chemicals, and	of best practice in shipping related waste management		Operating Costs	1,710	7,503	
operating and being monitored in selected Members by 2013	pollution		50%	Capital Costs	600	0	
				Sub Total	20,252	29,382	
				Over expenditure was due to part of budget allocation charged to output 3.1.1.1			

Programme 3 - WASTE MANAGEMENT AND POLLUTION CONTROL 2012

Component: WMPC 2 – KNOWLEDGE, DATA, PLANNING AND RESEARCH

Enable and encourage Member countries to collect, analyse, interpret, and disseminate waste, hazardous chemical, and pollution data Strategy: to enable improved management by 2015

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$		
	orehensive waste management, haz tions implemented by 2015	ardous chemical, and pollution control strategies and plans based o	n sound technical data	a developed for		
WMPC 2.1.1	The extent to which standard	Completion of a scoping study of the utility of Australian and			Budget	Actual
Standard methods for collection, storage, analysis, and interpretation of pollution and waste management data are established and disseminated and are used by at least six PICT Members	methods for pollution and waste are finalized.	Canadian ballast water decision support system for use in the	10%	Personnel Costs	55,822	63,647
		Pacific region		Operating Costs	4,415	12,151
		 Development and dissemination of regional guidelines for best practices for the effective management of ship waste 		Capital Costs	700	0
	The number of Members using the standard methods	Provision of technical advice and support to PICTs in the region where cleaning or repair of ballast tanks occurs within port areas		Sub Total	60,936	75,798
	the standard methods	to minimise environmental impacts • Development of a sediment management plan for 3 PICTs (Samoa, Tonga and Fiji)		Additional funds were raised during the year to fund additional activities		
WMPC 2.1.2	The number of Pacific	Pacific WasteLine E-newsletter published and distributed			Budget	Actual
Increase in the number of relevant	waste/pollution articles		60%	Personnel Costs	18,872	21,787
articles published in regional and	published			Operating Costs	610	2,693
international scientific journals,				Capital Costs	600	0
proceedings, and other publications				Sub Total	20,082	24,480
publications						
WMPC 2.1.3	The extent to which a regional	Development and endorsement by the Noumea Conference of			Budget	Actual
By 2015, a regional overview of the	overview of waste, chemical,	the Parties of national and regional indicators of waste and	40%	Personnel Costs	25,212	30,048
status of waste and hazardous	and pollution control is	pollution management status		Operating Costs	1,335	6,815
chemical management and	finalised	State of the Region Waste reporting commenced through		Capital Costs	700	0
pollution control issues published		completion and submission of one refereed publication.		Sub Total	27,246	36,863
				Additional funds sourced for additional activities		

Programme 3 - WASTE MANAGEMENT AND POLLUTION CONTROL | 2012

WMPC 3 – CAPACITY BUILDING, AND GOOD PRACTICE GUIDANCE Component:

Identify and address Members' capacity gaps to enable implementation of waste and hazardous chemical management and Strategy: pollution control activities by 2015

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$		
2015 Goal WMPC 3.1.1 – Significan programmes and activities		s to develop and implement waste and hazardous chemical man	nagement and pollution	on control		
WMPC 3.1.1	 The extent to which a baseline 	Baseline studies completed in Tonga and Samoa on			Budget	Actual
Baseline analysis of capacity for	analysis of capacity for waste and	economic impact of marine invasive species via the shipping	30%	Personnel Costs	25,558	27,869
waste and hazardous chemical	hazardous chemical management	vector		Operating Costs	2,435	5,584
management and pollution	is completed			Capital Costs	700	0
prevention completed, in cooperation with existing work such	When the analysis is reviewed	Not due for review until 2015	=	Sub Total	28,693	33,453
as that of the Food and Agriculture Organization, in 2011 and reviewed in 2015					,	
WMPC 3.1.2 At least one core regional activity that addresses fundamental capacity	 The number of core regional 	 Regional training in Particularly Sensitive Sea Areas (PSSAs) 			Budget	Actual
	activities addressing	completed		Personnel Costs	28,372	31,317
	waste/pollution capacity gaps	 Melanesian sub-regional training on compensation and 	60%	Operating Costs	95,275	57,307
gaps is implemented by 2012		liability training completed Regional training on the London Convention and Protocols completed Design of a regional train-the-trainers programme in solid waste management, and preparations for delivery commenced		Capital Costs	700	0
				Sub Total	124,347	88,624
				Additional funding was sourced from IMO for this output		
WMPC 3.1.3	The number of models of good	Planning of a GEFPAS uPOPs project to improve management			Budget	Actual
By 2015, five models of good waste	waste and pollution practices	of uPOPs in the region over the next five years completed and	60%	Personnel Costs	13,432	15,989
management and pollution-	disseminated	submitted for funding consideration		Operating Costs	1,160	12,668
prevention practices identified and		E-waste best management practice information		Capital Costs	600	0
disseminated to all Members and at		disseminated via development, endorsement and		Sub Total	15,192	28,657
least one model replicated in selected Members		 distribution of a Regional E-waste Strategy Enforcement tools on investigating pollution from vessels disseminated regionally 		Additional activities were carried out with new funding from AFD. To be read togethe with output 3.1.1.1		

Programme 3 - WASTE MANAGEMENT AND POLLUTION CONTROL | 2012

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Es	Budget Estimates US\$		
WMPC 3.1.4 Training in best practice waste and	The number of guidelines on best practice waste and hazardous	 Site Sensitivity Mapping tools disseminated through regional training Oil Spill response techniques and tools (Level I, II, and III) disseminated through national and regional training Solid waste management case studies identified in French Polynesia and New Caledonia for dissemination Used oil audits completed for Samoa and preparations commenced for implementing used oil stewardship programmes in Fiji, Samoa, and Vanuatu Provision of general solid waste management training to waste champions from 9 PICTs completed as part of the 	60%	Personnel Costs	Budget 14,765	Actual 17,165	
hazardous chemical management and pollution prevention guidelines made available to all Members through a dissemination program	disseminated	Clean Pacific 2012 campaign 'Greening Events' guidelines developed Four (4) factsheets on waste management practices developed and disseminated Oil Spill Level 2 and management training completed in Fiji Regional training in Oil spill Level 3 and Site Sensitivity Mapping completed		Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total	73,760 600 89,125	137,263 0 154,427	
				Additional funds of \$ IMO and \$13k from additional activities	\$103k receive UNEP enable	ed from ed	
2015 Goal WMPC 3.2.1 – Memb	ers are better equipped to prevent, pro	epare for, and respond to, ship-sourced marine pollution					
WMPC 3.2.1 Strategy for the Pacific Ocean	The PACPOL objectives have been meet in the and of attracery.	Completion of the consultation process and review of PACPLAN (additional activities reflected in 3.1.2. and 3.1.3.)	50%		Budget	Actual	
Pollution Prevention Programme	met in the end-of-strategy assessment	PACPLAN (additional activities reflected in 3.1.2. and 3.1.3.)		Personnel Costs	1,906	4,340	
(PACPOL) 2010–2014 achieves its	ussessment			Operating Costs	0	170,665	
objectives				Capital Costs	0	0	
				Sub Total	1,906	175,005	
				Additional funds of \$162k received from IMO for additional activities			
				Budget Actual			
			Personnel Costs	343,904 425,451		425,451	
	TOTAL PROGRAMME 3				5	702,131	
				7,850		4,015	
			TOTAL	816,539	9 1,	,131,598	

4. **ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING AND GOVERNANCE DIVISION**

Programme Goal:

By 2015, all Members will have the capacity to respond to develop and implement transparent and robust frameworks and processes for improved environmental governance, planning, monitoring and reporting, and the Secretariat will be producing regional State of **Environment Assessments**

The Environmental Monitoring and Governance (EMG) Division is the only entirely new Division within SPREP formed as a result of the Strategic Plan 2011-2015. It provides cross-cutting support in the areas of capacity development; policy; legislation, compliance; planning, monitoring, reporting and access to finance, enabling countries to meet Multilateral Environmental Agreements (MEA) obligations and sustainable development goals.

The main vehicle for delivery of activities is the EU funded ACP MEAs Project. SPREP, as the Pacific Hub of the project was highlighted during the project's mid-term review as the best performed of the regional hubs in terms of capacity and sustainability of approach. Focus of activities was on the development of regional models for Legislation, National Environment Management Strategies (NEMS), EIA and State of the Environment (SoE) piloted in a number of countries for replication throughout the region. We focus all our interventions in-country and build capacity by doing.

Enabling Frameworks

- Drafting of Vanuatu Meteorology Bill
- Led CROP technical support for Pacific Preparations to and at Rio+20
- Work with Caribbean and African Hubs for MEA implementation
- MOU with UNCCD to be regional reporting entity
- MOU with CBD on collaboration and joint programming

Mainstreaming

- Regional National Environment Management Strategies (NEMS) template integrating thematic area plans and linked to national development plans
- NEMS piloted in Kiribati and Cook Islands and started replication in Samoa and Fiji

- Formulation of Tokelau Economic and Environment Plan
- CEDAW reporting part of regional streamlining reporting framework
- Gender indicators part of SoE framework

Building Capacity

- Formulated work programme for ACP-MEAs Project phase 2
- MOU with NZAIA to set up network for environmental assessment professionals
- GEF capacity building for SoE PIF approved and PPG granted

Monitoring and Reporting

- Regional streamlined reporting framework agreed between CROP agencies
- Endorsement at 23SM of regional framework for SoE
- National Minimum Environmental Indicators (NMEI) framework developed and linked to SPC's Development Indicators framework
- Pilot SoE approach in Samoa to review national and regional indicators
- Regional SoE Pacific Environment and Climate Change Outlook launched at FCCC COP in Doha.

Component: **EMG 1 – ENABLING FRAMEWORKS**

Strategy: Strengthen national frameworks, policies and processes for – and implementation of – environmental governance including Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA), monitoring and reporting, and related institutional arrangements

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$					
2015 Goal EMG 1.1 – Formalised adoption and utilisation of Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) and Integrated Environmental Assessment (IEA) as key planning tools in all countries									
EMG 1.1.1	The number of regulatory framework models (EIA, IEA, and	Drafting of Vanuatu Meteorology Bill			Budget	Actual			
By 2015, Pacific-related models for regulatory framework including EIA,		Partnership with NZAIA established to revise regional EIA	60%	Personnel Costs	50,454	50,751			
	SEA) developed	guidelines • Drafting of EIA Guidelines for FSM State Governments		Operating Costs	22,000	73,703			
IEA, and SEA developed		integrating MEA obligations		Capital Costs	0	16,907			
		Started work on development of EIA frameworks for Deep Sea Mining with SPC-SOPAC		Sub Total	72,453	141,361			
				additional funds were sourced from MEA UNEP, PECO, and IFAD to fund additional activities					
EMG 1.1.2	put in place integrated regulatory frameworks based on the Pacific models • Level of compliance with national	All members except Tokelau have an EIA process in place,			Budget	Actual			
By 2015, integrated framework of		but needs strengthening and ongoing capacity building	75%	Personnel Costs	5,830	5,914			
enabling policies and regulations		recommendations for EIA Framework Technical advice to Fiji on proposed Namosi copper Mine		Operating Costs	0	54,819			
based on models in place in at least				Capital Costs	0	0			
five PICT Members				Sub Total	5,830	60,733			
				Funds from the MEA UNEP enabled additional activities		ed			
EMG 1.1.3	The completion of a needs analysis	"Synthesis of National Capacity Self-Assessment Reports in			Budget	Actual			
By 2015, needs analysis conducted in	survey	the Pacific" compiled and published	100%	Personnel Costs	25,015	29,693			
the region by means of a survey to		Used to guide design of funding proposals – EU ACP MEA		Operating Costs	33,050	5,037			
ensure that all significant issues are		Phase 2 and GEF Capacity Building		Capital Costs	500	0			
canvassed				Sub Total	58,564	34,730			
				Funds expected from Japan, PDICF did not come eventuate (figures to be read in conjunction with 4.1.2.1)					

Strategy: Staged 5-year strategy for strengthening environmental legislation at the national level, with a specific focus on adaptation and mitigation measures concerning climate change

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$					
2015 Goal EMG 1.2 - Members have passed key legislation in order to meet obligations of major Multilateral Environmental Agreement (MEA) and national environmental priorities									
EMG 1.2.1	The number of Members whose	"Samoa Guidebook to Environmental Laws" compiled			Budget	Actual			
By 2012, national reviews of	environmental law review has	Reviewed regional framework of environmental laws as part	10%	Personnel Costs	17,489	17,309			
environmental law that were	been updated	of "Pacific Environment and Climate Change Outlook		Operating Costs	9,900	24,796			
conducted in the 1990s are		(PECCO)" report		Capital Costs	0	0			
updated and published				Sub Total	27,388	42,106			
				Funds were secured from Conservation International for additional activities					
EMG 1.2.2	The number of Members with	All members have legislation to implement MEAs but with			Budget	Actual			
National legislation in place and	legislation to implement MEA	varying levels of coverage.	50%	Personnel Costs	55,848	54,365			
officers trained to implement MEA	obligations	Training on Mainstreaming MEAs into EIA process in FSM states		Operating Costs	57,318	116,201			
obligations (such as CITES law enforcement and awareness	The number of Members with	MEA Negotiations training in 5 countries (Tuvalu, Nauru,		Capital Costs	0	5,944			
materials) MEA obligations	1	Niue, Palau, Vanuatu)		Sub Total	113,166	176,510			
	UNCCD PRAIS training in 3 countries (Samoa, Kiribati & FSM)Fiji UNCCD NAP Alignment carried out		additional funds w UNEP, to fund add						
EMG 1.2.3	The number of proposals from PIC	Consultation with countries on national identification,			Budget	Actual			
MEA signatories in the region	MEA signatories for priorities for	designation and management of Particularly Sensitive Sea Areas (PSSA) under MARPOL – 1 site per country with 6	70%	Personnel Costs	92,622	48,155			
propose further priorities for	future support		70%	Operating Costs	18,750	61,118			
support from MEA conferences of		identified as high potential		Capital Costs	500	0			
parties or potential donors		 Drafted proposal for Kiribati to accede to Ramsar Convention Facilitated CBD Pre-COP in Rotorua and technical support at CBD COP in Hyderabad Regional FCCC priorities identified through PECCO Led CROP technical support to members for Pacific Preparations for Rio+20 and at Rio+20 Technical support for Samoa GEF 5 Prioritisation Cooperation with Caribbean and African Hubs on lessons learnt for MEA implementation ACP-MEA Project formulation for funding in its 2nd phase MOU signed with UNCCD to be regional reporting entity and potential collaboration on NAP alignment and regional strategy formulation MOU Signed with CBD on collaboration and joint programming 		Sub Total	111,871	109,273			

EMG 2 – MAINSTREAMING Component:

Support mainstreaming of environmental governance policies and initiatives related to climate change, sustainable biodiversity and Strategy:

ecosystem management, invasive species, and waste management across the programmes and in national development and budgetary

planning processes

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$		
2015 Goal EMG 2.1 — Incre	ased engagement of economic and soc	ial sectors, national research and education institutions in enviro	nmental planning			
EMG 2.1.1 All key economic sectors, research	The number of Members with economic, research, and	National Environment Management Strategies (NEMS) reformulated for Kiribati and Cook Islands and commenced	50%	Personnel Costs	Budget 169,676	Actual 173,011
and education institutions in at	education sectors engaged in environmental planning	for Fiji integrating thematic area plans (NBSAP, NAP etc) and		Operating Costs	217,696	46,219
least five PICT Members are		integrated to national development plans		Capital Costs	500	0
engaged in national environmental planning				Sub Total	387,872	219,229
planning				Most of the work earmarked for consultancies were done in-house and funds allocated to other outputs		
EMG 2.1.2 By 2015, regionally agreed	include regionally agreed	number of Members that • National Environment Management Strategies (NEMS)			Budget	Actual
		reformulated for Kiribati and Cook Islands and commenced	60%	Personnel Costs	36,181	58,650
priorities for international targets	priorities for international targets	for Fiji integrating thematic area plans (NBSAP, NAP etc) and		Operating Costs	58,350	88,123
in MEAs, Millennium Development Goals and other international	in their national policy and strategies	integrated to national development plans Technical advice for formulation of Tokelau Economic and		Capital Costs	500	0
frameworks are mainstreamed in	Strategies	Environment Plan		Sub Total	95,030	146,773
national policy and strategies by at least five Members				New funds received from PACMAS (Rio+10), MEA UNEP and other sources enabled the employment of an intern and carrying out of additional activities		
EMG 2.1.3	 Evidence that gender issues are 	SPREP is an equal opportunity employer			Budget	Actual
Gender issues are factored into	factored into environmental	Women's groups invited to NEMS formulation workshops	30%	Personnel Costs	0	0
environmental planning	planning	 CEDAW reporting part of regional streamlining reporting framework Gender indicator part of SoE framework Environmental management training for pre-school teachers in Samoa (all women) 		Operating Costs	0	2,903
				Capital Costs	0	0
				Sub Total	0	2,903

Component: **EMG 3 – BUILDING CAPACITY**

Strategy: Strengthen capacity at the national and regional levels to implement effective environmental monitoring and assessment processes

or EIA, SEA, and IEA, and for reporting on the State of the Environment

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$		s\$
2015 Goal EMG 3.1 – Strengthened	national and regional capacity (both te	chnical and human resources) for monitoring and reporting o	n the SoE on a regular	· basis		
EMG 3.1.1	The date on which a regional	Part of regional SoE framework and indicators			Budget	Actual
By 2012, a standardised regional	environmental monitoring		10%	Personnel Costs	19,497	38,143
program and guideline for training	training program is finalised			Operating Costs	0	33,706
and development of human				Capital Costs	0	0
resources with technical competencies for environmental				Sub Total	19,497	71,850
monitoring, assessment, and reporting developed and tested						
EMG 3.1.2	The number of Members in which	Pilot training for environmental monitoring in Samoa and			Budget	Actual
training program is established, and training has 'train-the-trainer' courses delivered,	environmental monitoring	Tonga – focus on mangrove habitats	20%	Personnel Costs	0	0
	training has been established	Included as part of scope for proposed GEF capacity		Operating Costs	0	0
		building for SoE and environmental databases		Capital Costs	0	0
in at least nine PICT Members				Sub Total	0	0
				to be read together with 4.3.1.2 and 4.1.1.1		
EMG 3.1.3	The number of environmental	 MOU with NZAIA includes setting up pacific network for environmental assessment and planning professionals Participated in NZAIA annual conference with a delegate 	40%		Budget	Actual
By 2015, a network for	assessment and planning			Personnel Costs	0	0
environmental assessment and	professionals that have subscribed			Operating Costs	0	0
planning professionals in the Pacific	to a network	from Fiji		Capital Costs	0	0
established				Sub Total	0	0
				to be read togethe	er with 4.3.1.2	and 4.1.1.1
2015 Goal EMG 3.2 - National	al capacity to implement national polic	y frameworks/ legislation is strengthened				
EMG 3.2.1	The proportion of capacity gaps	ACP MEA Project phases 1 and 2 addresses priority			Budget	Actual
By 2015, capacity needs	that are being addressed	capacity gaps	75%	Personnel Costs	0	0
assessments completed and action		Proposed GEF capacity building for SoE and		Operating Costs	0	0
taken to fill gaps		environmental databases covers environmental monitoring capacity gap		Capital Costs	0	0
				Sub Total	0	0
				Jun IUlai	U	

Component: **EMG 4 – MONITORING AND REPORTING**

Strategy: Develop national and regional priority environmental indicators and a regionally appropriate State of the Environment (SoE)

reporting programme

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$					
2015 Goal EMG 4.1 – Standardised regional and national State of the Environment reporting system measuring environmental baselines and changes developed and widely utilised									
EMG 4.1.1 By 2012, a framework for conducting regular regional SOE assessment and reporting together with data access and sharing arrangements established	The date by which a regional SoE framework is established	Regional streamlined reporting framework agreed between CROP agencies Endorsement at 235M of regional framework for September 245 and 1997	70%	Personnel Costs	Budget 0	Actual 0			
		 Endorsement at 23SM of regional framework for SoE National Minimum Environmental Indicators (NMEI) framework developed. 		Operating Costs Capital Costs	0	5,972 1,037			
				Sub Total 0 7,008 Funds received from MEA UNEP for additional activities					
EMG 4.1.2	The date by which the baseline of	Key indicative national and regional environmental			Budget	Actual			
Baseline of key regional	key regional environmental	indicators developed, testing and refinement of 70	50%	Personnel Costs	0	0			
established, including headline	indicators is finalised	indicators (BEM 30, CC 12, EMG 15 & waste 10) is underway.		Operating Costs	0	0			
				Capital Costs	0	0			
indicators for climate change, biodiversity and waste and		National Indicators for Samoa finalized and started formulation for Fiji indicators		Sub Total	0	0			
pollution, regular monitoring implemented, and a 2015 report on regional biodiversity status produced									
EMG 4.1.3	The number of Members that	SoE and National Minimum Environmental Indicators			Budget	Actual			
By 2015, a first report on the	have provided input on SoE	(NMEI) presented, discussed at the Pacific Environment	100%	Personnel Costs	0	0			
region's SoE developed and disseminated	indicators	Forum and endorsed at SPREP meeting. Used Samoa SoE as a pilot for the ecosystem based		Operating Costs	0	0			
uisseiiiiiateu		approach and to review and refine indicators for national		Capital Costs Sub Total	0 0	0			
	The extent to which the regional SoE report is complete	 and regional SoE Regional SoE - PECCO (Pacific Environment and Climate Change Outlook) launched at FCCC COP in Doha. 		343 10441	, <u> </u>	J			

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget	Budget Estimates US\$		
EMG 4.1.4	 The extent to which national and 	Initial investigation and compilation of regional			Budget	Actual	
By 2015, national and regional	regional inventory systems are	environmental data underway as part of NMEI	25%	Personnel Costs	0	0	
database systems for	finalised	development.		Operating Costs	0	0	
environmental inventories and monitoring established		Linked the NMEI with SPC's NMDI framework and MEA		Capital Costs	0	0	
monitoring established		reporting		Sub Total	0	0	
		Developed a GEF Project Identification Form (PIF) for capacity building for SoE and environmental databases, initial endorsement by GEF Council to progress to Project Preparatory Grant (PPG) stage.					
EMG 4.1.5 By 2015, procedures for data and information management and reporting established	The number of Members with	Supported development of the reporting framework and			Budget	Actual	
	data management procedures in	State of Environment process for Samoa. Framework for	20%	Personnel Costs	0	0	
	place	reporting trialed with Samoa.		Operating Costs	0	0	
				Capital Costs	0	0	
				Sub Total	0	0	
					1		
EMG 4.1.6	 The number of Members that 	Samoa SOE initial results prepared, outreach material	20%		Budget	Actual	
By 2015, at least five PICT Members	have produced SoE reports	developed with SPREP support and funding, SOE workshop		Personnel Costs	0	0	
have produced national SoE reports		facilitation provided.		Operating Costs	0	0	
		Inception workshop with Fiji regarding SOE preparation in		Capital Costs	0	0	
		2013		Sub Total	0	0	
				Budget		Actual	
			Personnel Costs	453,114	ı	475,991	
	TOTAL PROGRAMME 4			417,064	1	512,598	
			Capital Costs	2,000)	23,888	
			TOTAL	872,178	3 :	1,012,476	

5. **EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT AND CORPORATE SUPPORT**

To ensure that effective policies and services are in place to support delivery of Secretariat strategic programmes and an efficient and **Programme Goal:** effective organisation

The Executive Management provides leadership, vision and strategic direction to the Secretariat. Corporate services is the "engine room" that provides the necessary services for the efficient and effective delivery of the Secretariat's four strategic pillars under the SPREP 2011-2015 Strategic Plan, as well as providing administrative and financial advice to the Executive management.

Summary of Main Focus and Highlights 2012:

Key Achievements for 2012:

- Successful 23rd annual SPREP and Ministerial Meetings held in Noumea, New Caledonia 3-7 September 2012
- Clean audit of Accounts and Financial Statements was obtained for 2012 Accounts
- Audit Committee and internal audit function established

- Implementation of the new organizational structure and performance development plan
- Maintained active and high profile participation and involvement in international and regional meetings in support of PICTs. e.g. Rio + 20 Conference, Doha climate change negotiations November/December 2012
- Establishment of new partnerships resulting in increased support for Members e.g. ADB grant of USD4 million for 4 years on climate change.

Component: **CS – EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT**

5.1 - Support Members through the effective delivery of services Strategy:

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$		JS\$			
2015 Goal CS 5.1 — The Secretariat to be effectively led and commanding sufficient financial and human resources to deliver on the strategic priorities of the 2011-2015 plan									
CS 5.1.1 Assess the effective delivery of corporate services to ensure that the Secretariat can achieve the priorities of the 2011- 2015 Strategic Plan	The Secretariat is well resourced and supported resulting in the achievement of the strategic priorities of the 2011-2015 Plan	Capacity within corporate support services were strengthened especially in Finance, Human Resources and Information Technology and Communications with the recruitment of new staff Establishment of the Internal Audit Unit with the recruitment of the Internal Auditor and the establishment of the Audit Committee	84%	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total	Budget 493,898 251,460 3,000 748,358	Actual 536,413 430,934 62,553 1,029,900			
CS 5.1.2 Ensure the effective planning and servicing of the SPREP meeting and other related high level meetings for which SPREP is responsible for.	Annual SPREP meeting is conducted in a professional manner, and all members are able to attend and participate	 Members provided with all relevant documentation for the 23rd SPREP Meeting. Working Papers were sent electronically to all Members for the first time. Members noted with approval the 2012 Performance Monitoring and Evaluation Report (PMER). Meeting report was published and printed both in print and electronic form in English and French and distributed to Members before end of the year. 2011 Annual Report was produced in a very high standard and circulated to Members in time for the 23nd SPREP Meeting. 	95% Increase in expendit sub-regional presence were provided for by 2 motor vehicles through the sub-regional presence were provided for by 2 motor vehicles through the sub-regional presence were provided for by 2 motor vehicles through the sub-regional presence were provided for by 2 motor vehicles through the sub-regional presence were provided for by 2 motor vehicles through the sub-regional presence were provided for by 2 motor vehicles through the sub-regional presence were provided for by 2 motor vehicles through the sub-regional presence were provided for by 2 motor vehicles through the sub-regional presence were provided for by 2 motor vehicles through the sub-regional presence were provided for by 2 motor vehicles through the sub-regional presence were presence which we have a sub-region of the sub-region were presence we		ence study of by AUXB, and	which funds d purchase of			
CS 5.1.3 Ensure effective and regular consultation with Members	Members are consulted and informed of important decisions	 22 out of 25 Members have been visited by the Executive for in-depth consultations and Members have been kept up to date with the Chair regularly informed of key issues. SPREP Chair Troika (SPREP's past, present and future chairs and deputy chairs) kept regularly informed of key management issues at SPREP, including through circulation of minutes of the Senior Management Team Consultations with the Members on the cost-benefit analysis for a sub-regional presence for SPREP. Regular briefings by the Secretariat of Members at key international meetings such as the UNFCCC, GEF, CBD etc 	80%						

Component: **CS – INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS**

Strategy: **5.2** - Information Technology and Communications

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$						
2015 Goal CS 5.2.1 - Secure and useable information and communication systems provided										
CS 5.2.1.1 Corporate and programme database managed	Corporate programme databases are available to users, are regularly maintained on an appropriate and stable technical platform	Enhancements to the Annual Work Programme Implementation database system completed Support for TREDS (<i>Turtle Research & Monitoring Database Systems</i>) database provided Experts database developed System Analysis and Requirements stage of the new Financial Management Information system completed Upgrade of Online Library software completed	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total low expenditure due to several po	sitions not fil						
CS 5.2.1.2 ICT services support for the Secretariat provided	ICT services are available to SPREP staff and are maintained on a stable technical platform Disruptions to ICT services are communicated to SPREP staff and are designed to minimise disruption of Secretariat activities	 Project websites developed Hardware and software support for the Secretariat Provided Staff training on IT services and common software application is provided Support for the SPREP Meeting 2012 provided Procurement of IT equipment in quarterly bulk orderings Green Computer lab concept implemented in Library Guest Internet Portal developed Web hosting services provided for Climate Change Project Database New Helpdesk system implemented 	100%	_ last half of the ye						
CS 5.2.1.3 ICT risk management process developed and maintained	ICT risk management processes are developed and deployed that enable retrieval of up-to- date information in the shortest possible time in the event of an ICT disaster	Backup services for the organization successfully provided Disaster Recovery Plans updated and revised Review of Internet Service Provider contract completed Upgrades to Network infrastructure completed to address future expansion and improved network security Virtual Data Center developed IT Policies developed	70%							

CS – Information and Communications Component:

Strategy: 5.2 - Library and Information Resource Unit

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$
2015 Goal CS 5.2.2 – Secure and us	seable information and communication	systems provided		
CS 5.2.2.1 Archive system developed and maintained	System for archiving information that enables easy retrieval developed and deployed	Ongoing cataloguing and digitization of archive materials into the archive database on DBTextWorks	100% Ongoing	
CS 5.2.2.2 Access to library services provided, maintained and facilitated	 Requests for research services and document delivery actioned successfully within identified time frames Library bibliographic databases maintained and accessible. Relevant materials identified, catalogued and entered into library database and made available in usable form. Increased availability of SPREP publications, promotional materials and corporate information in both hard copy and digital formats Breadth, depth and currency of library collection in core area of Pacific environment information meets SPREP user needs and needs of regional stakeholders. 	 Effective response to requests for research assistance and document supply to SPREP staff, member countries and researchers from the wider community - 300+ walkins of. researchers, students and other members of the public and 149 used the wireless services in the IRCA to search information Library database maintained and accessible - 1037 new information added to the SPREP library catalogue and 382 full text documents via SPREP IRC website and virtual library catalogue. PEIN Virtual Libraries upgraded and migrated to the new SPREP website SPREP publications disseminated (both hard/soft copies) to all SPREP focal points and PEIN libraries around the region and abroad. All old SPREP publications migrated to the new website Uploaded new SPREP publications to the website SPREP library maintained subscriptions to both hard copy and e-journals via OARE, HINARI, AGORA. Provided training for SPREP staff on information literacy OPACS (Online Public Access Computers) are now operating using the Green library concept 	80% Ongoing	
CS 5.2.2.3 Records Management systems maintained and services provided	 Records Management systems are in place and regularly reviewed and updated to reflect current best practice Registry services is provided 	Records, registry and archive services provided to SPREP staff, members and stakeholders in an effective manner. Provided training for SPREP staff on proper records management skills. Correspondence Manual reviewed and approved	100% Ongoing	

CS – Information and Communications Component:

Strategy: Communication, Publications & Education

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$
2015 Goal CS 5.2.3 — National Com	munication and Education capacity, str	engthened an supported		
CS 5.2.3.1 National environmental education and communication programmes strengthened to support behaviour change at all levels	Number of countries with communication strategies Number of publications, awareness raising and education materials available and accessible by members through SPREP Environmental education and outreach by SPREP is carried out in a coherent and coordinated manner with an emphasis on use of ESD principles	 There were no country requests in 2012 for specific assistance with communication strategies. SPREP provided strategic communication/outreach assistance to the work of the Wildlife Conservation There were no country requests in 2012 for specific assistance with communication strategies. However, SPREP provided strategic communication/outreach assistance to the work of the Kiribati Wildlife Conservation Unit on Kiritimati Island through development of a pocket bird guide and an environment education guide for WCU staff. Secretariat in-house strategic planning for communications has significantly strengthened input and delivery at national level (eg. CC communication strategy ensures streamlining of our products).24 published reports (including technical reports, annual report and other publications such as synthesis reports), 2 posters, 1 DVD (30 minute documentary on dugongs), 9 factsheets, and 3 newsletter series were developed and published in 2012. All material is currently available online (SPREP Website). Technical reports and other publications, including the annual report, distributed in hard copy (printed) form. Partnerships with UNESCO and SPC/GIZ CCPIR at Pacific Environment and Heritage workshop in Solomon Islands and training of teacher trainers on climate change and disaster risk management (in Kiribati). Children's story book printed - colourful, high quality, child- 	40%	

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$
CS 5.2.3.2 Technical and scientific issues effectively communicated at all levels – community action through to policy development	 The number of science communications material produced and distributed Level of understanding at regional level on key environment issues 	 30 science communication publications produced and distributed (i.e. technical reports, education material, factsheets, documentary on DVD, posters and brochures, and newsletters) - excluding strategic plans, annual reports and meeting reports. Support provided to the Clean Pacific campaign, which involved communication of technical information to the broader public. 	70%	
CS 5.2.3.3 Engagement of youth and young professionals in environmental action and decision-making strengthened	 PEEL Initiative established Number of activities developed through the network Mentoring system established to support PEEL fellows 	 PEEL Interim Coordinator recruited on short term consultancy contract PEEL network and initiative endorsed by 23SM PEEL social media communications established and is being regularly updated (blog and facebook) "Buddy" system in place for peer-to-peer support. This has become an extremely successful support system to encourage and motivate PEEL members and serves as the first step in developing a mentoring process. Proposals developed for 2013 Forum – funding not confirmed in 2012. Pacific Youth representative part of the Pacific media team at the Rio+20 in Rio de Janeiro Rio+20 youth representative staged presentations about her role at the Rio+20 at 2 different events upon return to Samoa 	70%	

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$
CS 5.2.3.4 Reporting of national, regional and international environmental issues and events is strengthened.	 Production of resources for Pacific media to assist with factual news reporting. Training available for Pacific media to strengthen environment reporting News reports on activities and events at regional and international environment conferences are distributed Training available for SPREP member countries and technical officials to enhance work with national and regional media. Development of strategies for targeted regional and international meetings to raise the voice of Pacific members 	 Development and distribution of an E-Waste Guide in partnership with UNESCO to over 50 Pacific Media organisations to assist them with reporting on this emerging issue. National Media Training in the Solomon Islands to develop reporting skills as part of the Rio+20 SPREP Media Project funded by PACMAS Q and A session during climate change training for media workers of Oceania Television Network in Palau A session on reporting on climate change events was conducted during a two day training workshop for Pacific reporters before the Pacific Island Forum Leaders Meeting in the Cook Islands. 77 news items and 18 personal blog accounts were reported by the Pacific Media Team at Rio+20 and distributed to the SPREP Media and Non Media mailing list as well as several Pacific Media Networks. 18 news items developed at Ramsar COP 11 and distributed to the SPREP Media and Non Media mailing list as well as several Pacific Media Networks. Over 25 news items developed at the UNFCCC COP 18 distributed to the SPREP Media and Non Media mailing lists as well as several Pacific Media Networks. 17 of these news items were broadcast on Fiji TV as well as through their Sky Pacific service. 22 news items developed during the CBD COP 11, distributed to the SPREP Media and Non Media mailing lists as well as several Pacific Media Networks 60 climate change practitioners were provided media and communications training to help strengthen their media skills under the PACCSAP Media and Climate Change Project. Over 30 biodiversity practitioners underwent a training session to help strengthen media skills as part of MEA COP preparations. Three Pacific Voyage Communications Campaign Plans were developed to strengthen coverage of the Pacific at the Ramsar COP 11, CBD COP 11 and the UNFCCC COP 18. Pacific Broadcasters Emergency Meeting facilitated to help Broadcasters produce disaster management plans 	70%	

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$
CS 5.2.3.5 Awareness of SPREP and its work in the member countries is enhanced through the media.	All SPREP publications produced and distributed in accordance with the SPREP integrated Communications Strategy and Publications Guidelines news and developments on regular and timely basis SPREP staff better equipped to build media relationships to raise awareness. SPREP Public Relations material produced and disseminated At least one media activity/event hosted by SPREP at regional and/or national level to raise awareness of SPREP and its work	 All publications produced in a consistent manner with cataloguing data, as per the Communications Strategy and Publications Guidelines. All publications uploaded to the website and featured on the front page, as well as being promoted (using direct links) through PEIN. publications and documents). Range of SPREP banners produced in French and English for SPREP visibility SPREP Open Day to celebrate the 20th Anniversary of location in Apia, Samoa in collaboration with the 50th Independence Anniversary celebrations and showcase work by SPREP. News items developed and distributed throughout the region as part of climate change training for Pacific media held before the Pacific Island Forum Leaders Meeting in the Cook Islands. These were broadcast and published in the Cook Islands, Fiji, Palau, Niue, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Tonga and Vanuatu 	60%	
CS 5.2.3.6 Pacific media capacity to report on environmental issues to raise awareness and understanding is strengthened.	Production of resources for Pacific media to assist with factual news reporting. Training available for Pacific media to strengthen environment reporting	 Approval of 200,000 AUD for a Pacific Media and Climate Change Project funded by PACCSAP Approval of 40,000 AUD for the Pacific Media Rio+20 Project funded by PACMAS E-Waste guide developed by SPREP and used by Pacific media as support for news entries for the Clean Pacific Media Award. Targeted activities to strengthen environment reporting, conducted during National Media Training in the Solomon Islands as part of the Rio+20 SPREP Media Project funded by PACMAS Targeted seminar sessions during climate change training for media workers of Oceania Television Network in Palau One of the key objectives of training for Pacific regional reporters on climate change before the Pacific Island Forum Leaders Meeting in the Cook Islands. Pacific Broadcasters Emergency workshop facilitated to help 11 national broadcasters from the Cook Islands, Fiji, Kiribati, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Tonga, Tuvalu and Vanuatu produce disaster management plans. 	60%	

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$
CS 5.2.3.7 SPREP members have access to support for public relations and media components in their national communications strategies.	 Production of resources for members to enhance work with national media. Media is considered in national planning and task force committees for environment projects. The number of communications strategies at national level that consider public relations and media Training available for SPREP member countries and technical officials to enhance work with national and regional media. 	 Over 80 Pacific biodiversity and climate change practitioners underwent media skills training and seminars through different regional training sessions. Development and distribution of an E-Waste Guide to over 50 Pacific media organisations and is also available on the SPREP website for use. Ties between SPREP members and national media were strengthened in the Solomon Islands and Palau during national media training that featured the PACC National Coordinators. Also during regional media training in the Cook Islands that featured presentations from staff of the Climate Change Division and the National Environment Service. SPREP members were provided communications support at three MEA COPS with the development and implementation of three Pacific Voyage Communications Campaign Plans to raise the One Pacific Voice. 	80%	
CS 5.2.3.8 Support provided to SPREP and Members for communications and media activities at regional and international events	News reports on activities and events at regional and international environment conferences are distributed Development of strategies for targeted regional and international meetings to raise the voice of Pacific members	 Developed and implemented a Pacific Voyage Campaign at the Ramsar Convention on Wetlands which included a Pacific side event with over 30 attending, a Pacific exhibition booth and 18 news reports. Developed and implemented a Pacific Voyage Campaign at the UNFCCC COP 18 implemented a Pacific side event with over 50 attending, 25 news reports and a Pacific exhibition booth that had over 400 visits each day for the duration of the COP, Developed and implemented a Pacific Voyage Campaign at the CBD COP 11 implemented a side event with 50 people attending, 22 news reports and a Pacific booth in the CEPA section. 	70%	

Programme 5 - CORPORATE SERVICES 2012

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$
CS 5.2.3.9 The awareness of SPREP and its work in member countries is enhanced both regionally and internationally.	Public Relations materials produced as per the SPREP visibility and identity guidelines under the SPREP integrated communications strategy.	New visibility products launched and used extensively, including correspondence templates, legal and corporate document templates, business cards, compliments slips, staff insurance cards, USB flash drives, etc. These products were launched produced according to new visibility/identity guidelines and launched with the new-look website, which complies with said guidelines	70%	
	SPREP website contains up to date and relevant information that has undergone a quality control check in line with the SPREP integrated communications strategy.	New-look website, as per new identity guidelines, launched with updated information. Website was kept up-to-date with weekly news and recent publications, as well as updated staff lists.		
CS 5.2.3.10 Development and dissemination of publications and materials on issues and work conducted at SPREP	All SPREP publications produced and distributed in accordance with the SPREP integrated Communications Strategy and Publications Guidelines	All SPREP Publications produced consistently with new identity features (motifs, colours, new logo, etc), catalogued with correct data for print and electronic versions, and hard copies distributed to relevant stakeholders, as per Communications Strategy and Publications Guidelines. All electronic versions uploaded to the website and featured on the front page, as well as being promoted through the PEIN.	100% Ongoing.	

Component: CS 5.3 – FINANCE

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$		s\$
2015 Goal CS 5.3 – Tran	sparent, accountable and timely fir	nancial information and reporting provided				
CS 5.3.1 Accurate and timely financial statement presented to SPREP meeting	Annual financial statements receive unqualified audit opinion and approved	 Unqualified audit opinion on 2011 financial statements was approved by the 23rd SPREP Meeting. PACC and PIGGAREP project audits also received clean audit opinions with some issues to address for further improvements 	100%	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs	391,170 80,000 157,500	Actual 365,683 243,066 21,229
CS 5.3.2 Accurate and timely financial reports provided to donors CS 5.3.3 Accurate and timely management financial reports provided to directorate and programmes	Donor financial reporting requirements met SPREP executive and programmes have access suitable financial information that enables efficient and effective operation of the Secretariat	 Provided donor financial reports according to donor requirements within timelines. Align the current accounting system to the new Strategic Plan Provided overall financial report and advice to executive management on a monthly basis Provided budget vs. actual expenditure reports to officers on a monthly basis and annual inputs provided to the Performance Monitoring and Evaluation report (PMER). Provided daily updates on project financial balances and adhoc reports for decision making. Coordinated and consolidated the 2013 budget, approved at the 23SM. 	95% Ongoing 95% Ongoing	Sub Total 628,670 although expenditures in total with the budget, increase in opcosts was due to exchange loss delay in starting some of the caprojects		perational s offset in
CS 5.3.4 Integrated financial risk management processes provided	Financial risk factors regularly assessed and risk mitigation measures developed and regularly updated	 Financial policies and procedures reviewed regularly and improvements implemented to endure adherence to best practice. Restructure of the finance section completed to meet services required and improvements thereon. Review the accounting system to meet needs of donors/partners and internal users 	95% Ongoing			

Programme 5 - CORPORATE SERVICES 2012

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US\$
CS 5.3.5 Property management and administration	Sustainable infrastructure and assets plan and systems are in place and are regularly reviewed and updated	 Revised Terms of references and work plans of the property services as administration section combined with finance as of January 2012. Renovations, reassigning and reallocation of workspace to cater for growing number of staff Services contracted and continuously monitored for maintenance of all properties Developed policies to safeguard assets General administration and maintenance services in the following areas continued to be provided: properties management Security and safety of all properties with adequate insurance cover Transport, cleaning and maintenance services General administration support services 	75% Ongoing	

Component: 5.4- Human Resources Management

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Estimates US		s\$	
	• Strategic Policy advice on HRM and administration issues are provided • Staff Regulations is reviewed and regularly updated		Meeting Strategic	Personnel Costs Operating Costs Capital Costs Sub Total expenditure is low to delay in some of	Budget 229,450 427,700 139,000 796,150 eer than the l	Actual 235,046 417,640 112,617 765,304 budget due	
		f. Occupational Health & Safety g. Employment Relations Job analysis and evaluations carried out to reflect - Annual Market Data - Further analysis of recommendations for Triennial Review for Positions Advertised Internationally The Human Resources Information Systems (HRIS) project continued with the implementation phase and preparation for					

Programme 5 - CORPORATE SERVICES 2012

Strategic Plan Target	Strategic Plan Indicators	2012 Results	Progress to Meeting Strategic Plan Target (%)	Budget Est	imates US\$
CS 5.4.3 Performance Development System (PDS) and Learning & Development	 The PDS is implemented across the organisation and is linked to remuneration Learning & Development Plans are addressed 	 Learning and Development was allocated its first substantive budget to support continuous learning and priority needs. Thirteen staff were supported through different development programmes. The first performance-focused rewards under the new Performance Development System. This strengthened the Secretariat's shift and emphasis on performance and results. First formal review for the Director General of SPREP using the Secretariat's Performance Development System with assessment carried out initially by the Troika (past Chair, current Chair and future Chair of the SPREP Meeting) and sign off by the SPREP Meeting. This process has now been adopted to be carried out on annual basis and aligned with the timing of the SPREP Meeting for final sign off by all members. 	95%		
		memocis:		Budget	Actual
				1,771,702	1,609,933
TOTAL PROGRAMME 5			Operating Costs	905,560	1,355,655
				311,100	215,441
			TOTAL	2,988,362	3,181,029