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Okinawa is Alaska Russia Canada the southernmost USA island of Japan China apar and it shares a lot Okinawa with PICs. lawaiian Islands Philippines As such, Fed. States of Micronesia Palau Papua New JICA Okinawa Guinea Equator Solomon Islands is quite active in Vanuatu Fiji cooperation activities New Caledonia with PICs. New Zealand

Session 1.4.A

Planning & Responding to Disaster Wastes

Session 1.4.A Background (1)

- The past historical events which plagued the Pacific, more recently TC Gita, Winston and Pam triggered countries to consider a more planned approach to managing disaster wastes.
- The generated wastes in a single disaster is oftentimes equivalent to several months to a year of regular wastes. This puts pressure on the limited disposal facility of most PICs.
- There was also disruption of waste collection and disposal due to limited access to service delivery routes leading to health issues in affected communities.

Session 1.4.A Background (2)

- Recovery efforts were hampered by the inadequacy of coordinated actions to remove debris on affected areas apart from interrupted delivery of waste services.
- Although support from donor countries are pouring in the aftermath of these events, utilization of available resources need to be optimized to facilitate and ensure greater recovery.

Session 1.4.A Background (3)

- One of the 4 Outputs (Output No.3) of JPRISM II is on DWM. It aims to develop a Regional DWM Guideline and promote its implementation at the national level.
- The initiative to develop a Pacific Regional DWM Guideline is now ongoing in collaboration with the formulation member of DWM Guideline in Asia and the Pacific supported by Ministry of the Environment, Japan.

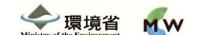
- The experiences and lessons in disaster response in Japan, a disaster-prone country, must be effective and adaptable for other countries around the world after considering differences in geographical conditions and types of disasters.
- In the month of June 2018, the Ministry of Environment, Japan, published a Guideline supported by the Japan Society of Material Cycles and Waste Management (JSMCWM).



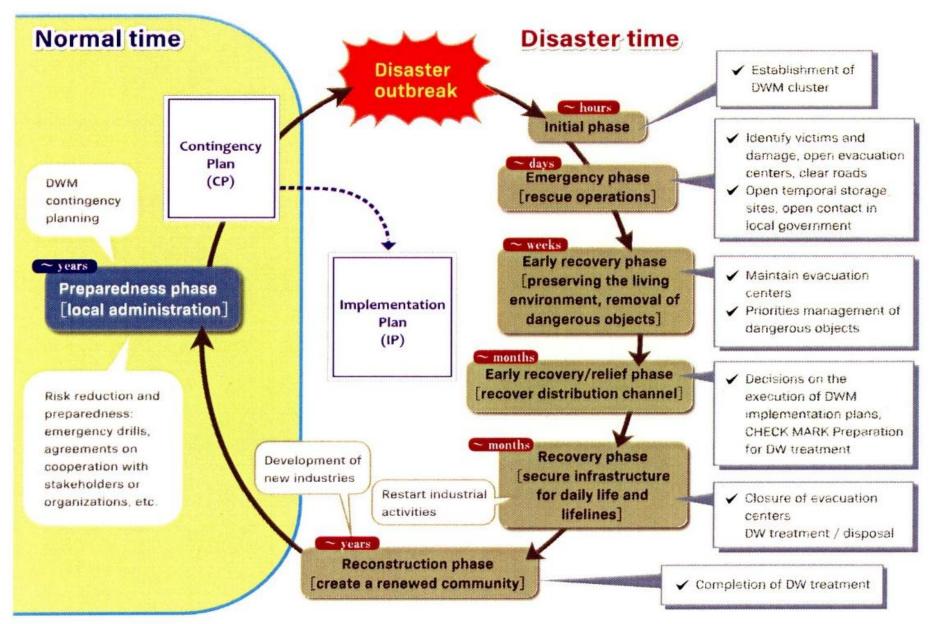
Disaster Waste Management Guideline in Asia and the Pacific







Management Cycle Recommended in DWM Guideline in Asia & the Pacific



Session 1.4.A Objectives

- To promote the concept of aligning waste management with National Disaster Management Plans, Processes and Systems for improvement of both humanitarian and waste management responses when disaster occurs, with emphasis to enhance strategic planning for improved preparedness, emergency responses, recovery and reconstruction processes.
- To promote collaboration between Waste and Disaster Management Agencies for better responses to national disasters in the future at the regional and national level.

Session 1.4.A Expected Outcomes

- Full understanding of the merits of integrating waste and disaster management approaches as a way forward for the countries.
- Commitment and support from the countries and stakeholders in the development of the planned Regional DWM Guidelines and respective National Guidelines, which promote the integration of waste management into disaster responses as a way forward.
- Improved national coordination of disaster waste management with the view to facilitate post-disaster recovery, protect the environment and the affected communities and promote 3R + Return.

Huge Amount of Disaster Wastes Piled Up Along the Trunk Road After the West Japan Flooding Disaster*

*The biggest flooding disaster in the last 30 years. Fatalities numbered 225 as of 20 July 2018.



Kurashiki City, Okayama, Japan, 16 July 2018



Tsunami Caused by the Great East Japan Earthquake



No. 4 Reactor

No.3 Reactor

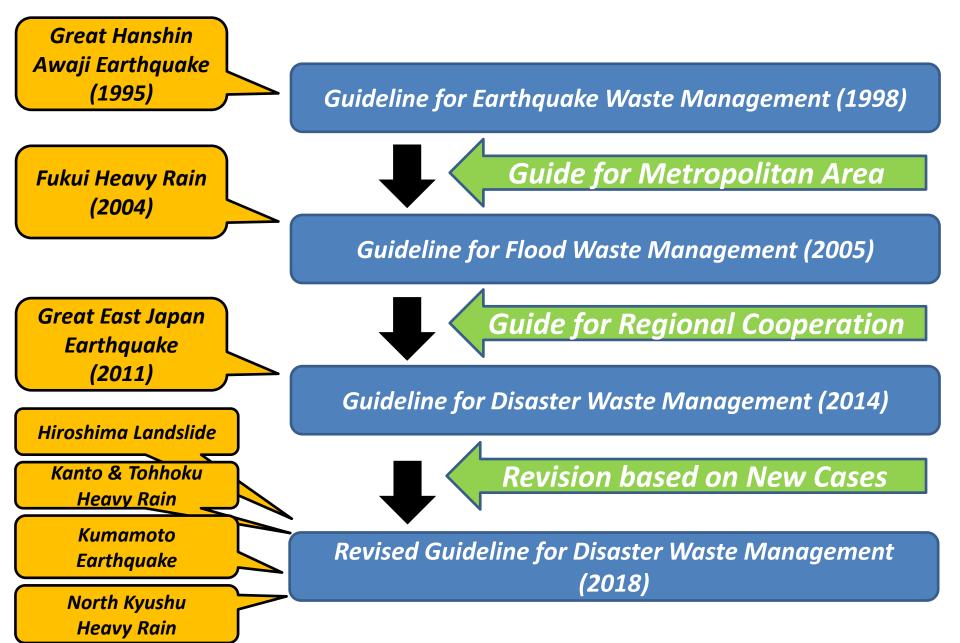
The Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Disaster

Serious Problem Management of Tsunami Debris



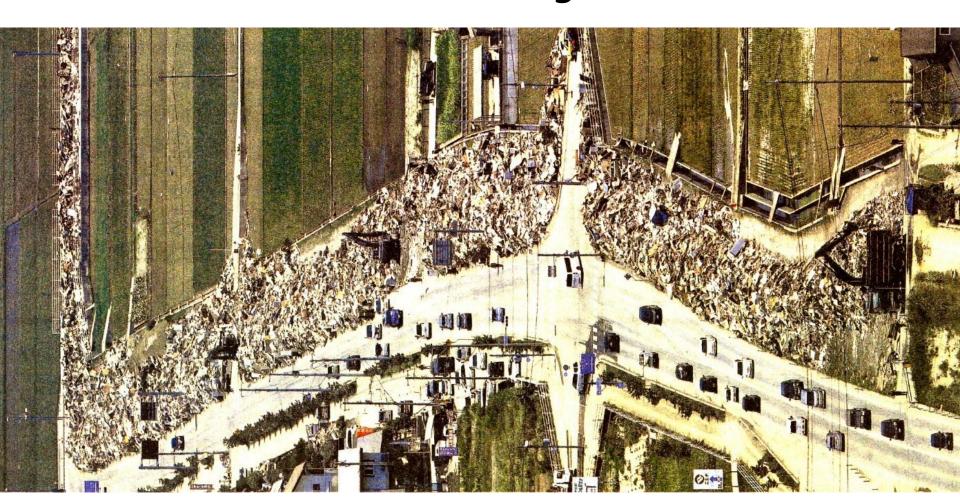
Elimination of Tsunami Debris Total amount was estimated to be more than 20 years equivalent of municipal solid waste.

Historical Development of DWMG in Japan

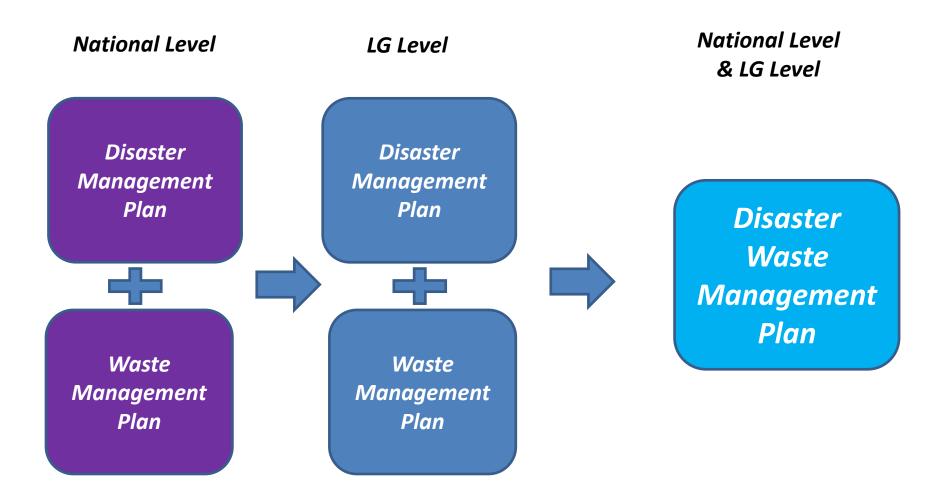




Kurashiki City is the worst hit City by the West Japan Flooding Disaster. They also suffered very seriously due to the lack of Disaster Waste Management Plan.



Sequence of DWMP Formulation



Disasters to be Prepared

Earthquake & Tsunami

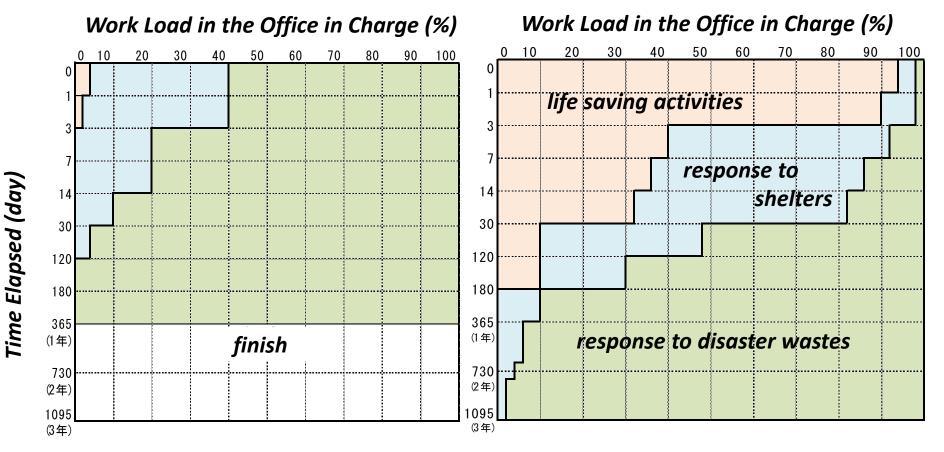
Typhoon & Flooding

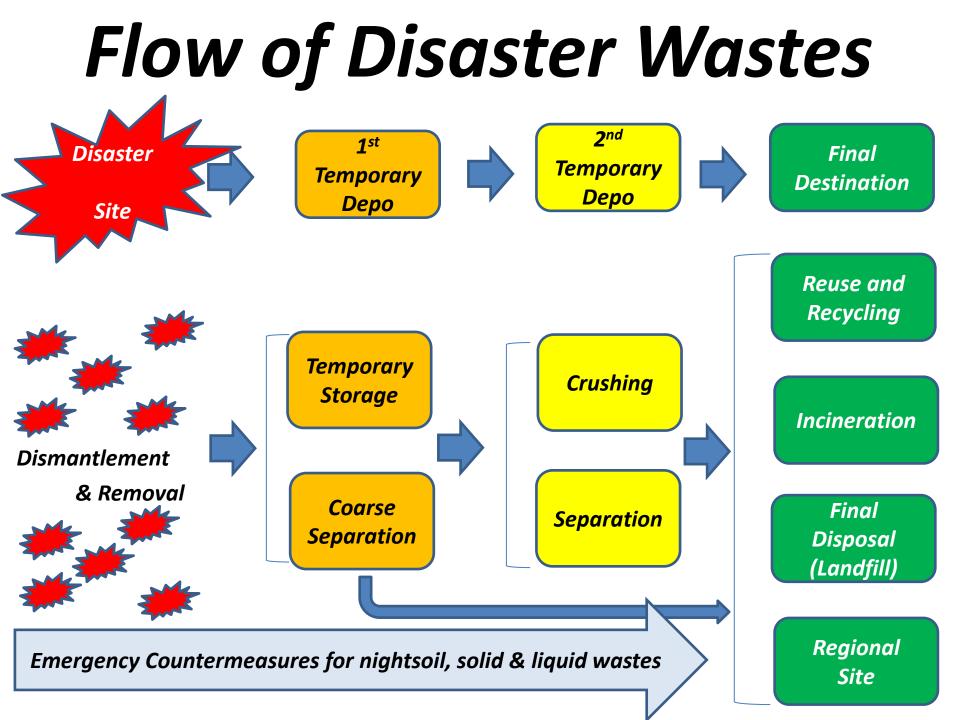
High Tide & Flooding

Examples of Disaster Response Timeline It depends on the type and the size of disaster.

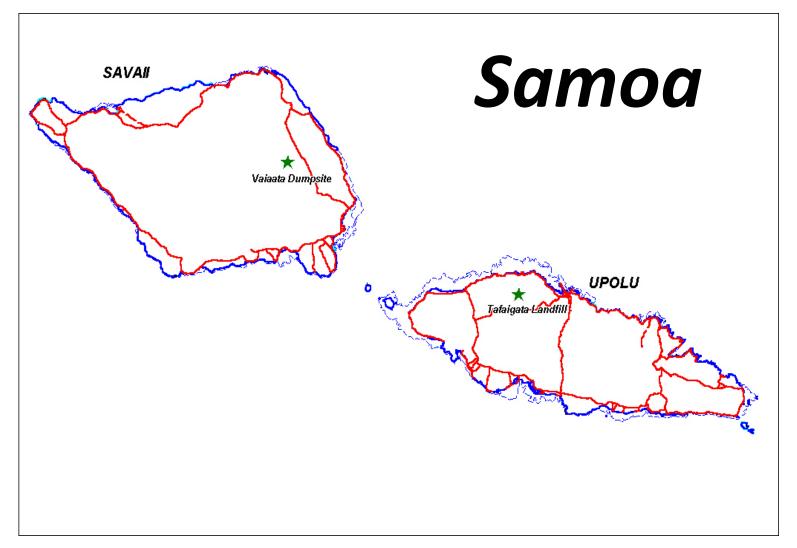
Flooding

Earthquake





Sharing of Experiences among PICs



An earthquake hit Samoa on September 29, 2009.

Tsunami in Samoa

The earthquake in Samoa (September 29, 2009, M8.3, more than 200 deaths) caused tsunami that generated huge amount of waste of different types.



Application of 3Rs

Tsunami debris was separated into reusables, recyclables and waste to be disposed of.



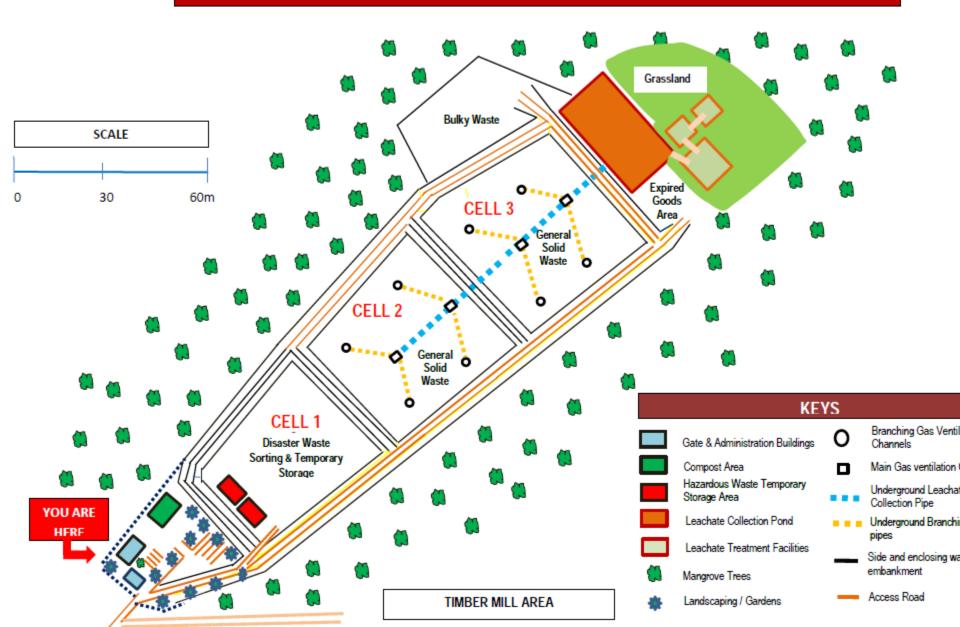
A workshop was held in Febraury 2010 with the aim of sharing experiences of post tsunami waste management among SPREP member countries.



Sharing of a Good Practice in PICs



NAMARA WASTE LANDFILL LAYOUT PLAN, 2014



Let's achieve the goal of "a Cleaner and Safer Pacific" through joint efforts !!!!

VINAKA VAKALEVU